



2012 二零一二年年報
ANNUAL REPORT

金利來集團有限公司
GOLDLION HOLDINGS LIMITED
股份代號 STOCK CODE:00533



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

Chairman:

Dr. the Hon. Tsang Hin Chi G.B.M.

Deputy Chairman and

Chief Executive Officer:

Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky

Executive Director:

Madam Wong Lei Kuan

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles

Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy B.B.S., J.P.

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Dr. Lau Yue Sun B.B.S.

Mr. Li Ka Fai, David

Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Kam Yiu Kwok

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Li Ka Fai, David (Chairman)

Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy B.B.S., J.P.
(Deputy Chairman)

Dr. Lau Yue Sun B.B.S.

Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter

Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter (Chairman)

Dr. Lau Yue Sun B.B.S.

Mr. Li Ka Fai, David

Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles

Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Dr. Lau Yue Sun B.B.S. (Chairman)

Mr. Li Ka Fai, David

Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter

Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles

Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky

SOLICITORS

Woo, Kwan, Lee & Lo

AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking
Corporation Limited

REGISTRARS

Computershare Hong Kong Investor
Services Limited

46th Floor, Hopewell Centre

183 Queen's Road East

Wan Chai

Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

7th Floor

Goldlion Holdings Centre

13-15 Yuen Shun Circuit

Siu Lek Yuen

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Email: contact@goldlion.com

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31st December 2012, cash and bank balances held by the Group amounted to approximately HK\$1,065,261,000, which was HK\$44,282,000 higher than the balance at the end of last year. During the year, the Group recorded a net cash inflow from operating activities of HK\$284,655,000 and gains from foreign exchange rate changes of HK\$22,511,000, and paid dividends of HK\$255,349,000 during the year. As at 31st December 2012, the Group did not have any bank loans or overdrafts.

As at 31st December 2012, the Group's current assets and current liabilities were HK\$1,687,890,000 and HK\$492,836,000, respectively, with a current ratio at 3.4. Total current liabilities were 16% of the average capital and reserves attributable to owners of the parent of HK\$3,091,181,000.

As at 31st December 2012, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities or capital commitments and had not charged any of the Group's assets.

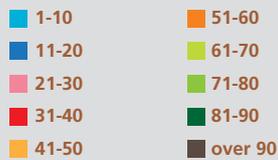


GOLDLION
HOLDINGS
LIMITED

DISTRIBUTION NETWORK IN CHINA MAINLAND



NUMBER OF GOLDLION SALES OUTLET



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



Dr. the Hon. Tsang Hin Chi, G.B.M.,
Chairman of the Group

GROUP RESULTS

Turnover and gross profit

During the period under review, the Group continued to record growth with turnover totalling HK\$1,863,075,000, representing a year-on-year increase of 3%, despite the slowdown in economic growth in China and weakening domestic demand. The growth would be 5% if income from property sales of the Meizhou property development project in 2011, amounting to HK\$33,942,000, was excluded.

During the year, sales growth was mainly generated from the Group's apparel sales in the China Mainland market which registered a growth of 6%. Besides, income from rental of properties, building management and licensing of brand name was higher than that of last year. However, a drop in turnover of 8% was recorded for our apparel business in the Singapore and Malaysia markets.

Gross profit of the year was HK\$1,050,157,000, up by 2% from HK\$1,031,943,000 of last year. Overall gross profit margin was approximately 56.4%, representing a drop of about 0.9 percentage point from 57.3% of last year. For the Group's apparel operation, the gross profit margin was approximately 52.2% and was slightly lower than 52.9% of last year by 0.7 percentage point.

Operating expenses and operating profit

Operating expenses (including selling and marketing costs and administrative expenses) of the Group during the year were HK\$595,868,000, which were 7% higher than that of last year. Among which selling and marketing costs were HK\$366,413,000, increased by 12% over last year, as the Group has devoted more resources in marketing and promotion for the apparel operation during the year. Selling and marketing costs expressed as a percentage to overall turnover increased by 1.1 percentage points to 19.7% over last year.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

During the year, the Group recorded fair value gains on investment properties of HK\$158,882,000, compared with HK\$63,825,000 of last year. Other gains for last year also included gain on disposal of an investment property in Meizhou of HK\$3,101,000.

Operating profit for the year amounted to HK\$613,171,000, representing an increase of 13% compared with HK\$544,044,000 of last year. The operating profit margin was about 32.9%, representing an increment of about 2.7 percentage points from 30.2% of last year. This is mainly resulted from the rise in fair value gains on investment properties during the year. The operating profit margin would be 24.4%, lower than 25.7% of last year by 1.3 percentage points, if the fair value gains on investment properties and gains on sales of properties of last year were excluded.

Profit attributable to owners of the parent

Profit attributable to owners of the parent during the year was HK\$502,235,000, rising by 19% from HK\$422,309,000 (restated) of last year. Profit for the year would be HK\$363,191,000 if fair value gains on investment properties (after tax) of HK\$139,044,000 were excluded. Such profit marked an increase of 4% from HK\$349,683,000 (if the restated fair value gains after tax on investment properties of HK\$57,541,000 and gains after tax on sales of properties in Meizhou of HK\$15,085,000 were excluded).



FINAL DIVIDEND

The Directors have recommended the payment of a final dividend of 18.0 HK cents per share (2011: 17.0 HK cents per share) for the year ended 31st December 2012, totalling HK\$176,781,000 (2011: HK\$166,959,000). Subject to the shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting, the final dividend will be paid on or about 11th June 2013 to shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members as at 31st May 2013.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Apparel Business

China Mainland and Hong Kong SAR Markets

During the year under review, China Mainland's economy grew at a comparatively slower pace as global demand was weakened by the European debt crisis. Business environment of the apparel sector was challenged by not only gloomy consumer sentiment but also a sluggish retail market.

For the year as a whole, the Group's apparel and accessories sales in the local market amounted to HK\$1,462,996,000, representing an increase of 6%, or approximately 4% in Renminbi ("RMB"), over the previous year.



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



Our apparel operation in the China Mainland market is mainly conducted through wholesaling to distributors in various cities and provinces, as well as through self-operated retail shops mainly in Guangzhou, Shanghai and Beijing. In terms of RMB, annual sales to distributors grew by about 2% while sales by self-operated retail shops (excluding factory outlets) remained comparable to those of last year. Besides, due to the boosting measures, sales by factory outlets recorded a growth of about 34%.

Regarding wholesaling to distributors in various cities and provinces, since orders had mainly been placed at sales fairs held in July 2011 and February 2012, the market downturn in the year had no substantial impact on the relevant sales.

At the end of the year, there was a total of around 1,300 outlets in China Mainland, of which 84 were self-operated retail shops and 28 were factory outlets. Also counted towards the total were 47 "Gold Label" stores, among which 12 were directly operated by the Group.

Under an agreement reached in the year, a Mainland retailer with a proven track record has been appointed by the Group to retail "Gold Label" products in certain cities and provinces in China. In light of the weakening apparel market in the second half of the year, the Group exercised prudence and slowed down the schedule of opening "Gold Label" stores. The retailer's plan for opening stores was therefore adjusted accordingly.

At the end of the year, the Group held inventories of the 2013 spring and summer collections (scheduled to be sold in early 2013) amounted to HK\$170,232,000 and of the various seasons for 2012 amounted to HK\$107,807,000. In response to market conditions, the Group launched certain measures to relieve the stock pressure of our distributors and resulted in the year-on-year increase in inventories for current year's collections.



Trade receivables from our Mainland apparel and accessories operation stood at HK\$78,573,000 at the end of the year compared with the amount of HK\$40,038,000 registered for last year. The increase was primarily attributable to certain special trade credit arrangements for some retailers and a clustering of sales in corporate uniforms towards the end of the year.

The acquisitions of minority interests of Goldlion (China) Limited and Goldlion Clothes Making Company Limited in China were completed towards the end of the year. With the two companies now under the Group's full control, it is expected that administrative costs can be reduced through simplifying relevant administrative procedures and enhancing operational efficiency.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



Licensing income for the year amounted to HK\$80,136,000, representing a rise of about 13%, or approximately 10% in RMB, over last year. The growth was mainly attributable to the incremental increase in license fees stipulated in the current agreements. Further, there was an increase in some licensees' turnover during the year, resulting in an increase in license fee charged at turnover. Licenses granted during the year mainly cover shoes, leather goods, undergarments, woolen sweaters and casual wear for the China Mainland market.

Singapore and Malaysia Markets

As an externally-oriented economy, Singapore was inevitably exposed to the effects of the weak global economy. In turn, the enduring slow economic growth and damp consumer sentiment in the local market had a negative impact on the Group's operation. Annual sales in Singapore amounted to HK\$141,264,000, representing a year-on-year decrease of approximately 8%, or approximately 10% in local currency.

Previous growth levels could no longer be maintained under unfavorable retail market conditions that were aggravated by the shorter peak season before the Chinese New Year. Sales of comparable outlets decreased by approximately 9% in local currency. At the end of the year, there were a total of 7 Goldlion shops and 21 counters, or a drop of 1 shop when compared with that at the end of last year.

Overall expenditure remained similar to that of last year as operating costs continued to be under vigorous control by the Group during the year. Operating profit in Singapore for the year amounted to approximately HK\$6,888,000. The decrease by about 50% when compared with last year was mainly attributable to a shrinkage in sales of the year. Operating profit margin was 5%, representing a drop from 9% for last year.

The Group's business in the Malaysia market is relatively small. Sales for the year amounted to HK\$6,676,000, declining by approximately 10% when compared with last year, primarily because of adverse market conditions. Operating profit for the year stood at approximately HK\$728,000, representing a year-on-year decrease of about 51%. At the end of the year, there were a total of 20 counters in the local market.

Property Investment and Development

Fair value gains on investment properties recognized by the Group after independent professional valuations at the end of the year amounted to HK\$158,882,000. These included the amount of HK\$79,530,000 from investment properties in Hong Kong, which largely reflected the continually robust local property market during the year and the satisfactory leasing position of our local properties.



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

The fair value gains above included an amount of HK\$40,164,000 generated from the investment property portion of our property portfolio in Anhua Road in Changning, Shanghai. Under a compensation agreement with the authorized developer for redevelopment of the site entered into towards the end of the year, the resettlement compensation payable to the Group is RMB122,920,000 (or approximately HK\$152,421,000). At the end of the year, the carrying value of the properties stood at approximately HK\$60,342,000. Provided that all relevant procedures are on schedule, delivery of the properties is expected to be completed in the first half of 2013. Gains on disposal of properties (including the difference of the total compensation and the latest carrying value of the properties and after deducting relevant expenses) will be recognized once the properties have been properly delivered.

Rental income and building management fees generated during the year stood at HK\$132,111,000 and HK\$39,223,000 respectively, representing a respective growth of approximately 8% and 7% over last year. In Tianhe, Guangzhou, leasing of the Goldlion Digital Network Centre remained to be stable. Rental income and building management fees rose by 12% over last year with more vacant units of the building leased out during the year and overall upward adjustment in rentals. During the year, occupancy of the building improved to reach approximately 93%.

Leasing of the Goldlion Commercial Building in Shenyang was likewise stable, with overall occupancy maintaining at 100%. A year-on-year growth of about 7% in rental income and building management fee was registered.

Total rental income of Hong Kong properties increased by approximately 5% over last year mainly due to the general upward adjustment of rentals. The occupancy of the Group's investment properties in Hong Kong at the end of the year exceeded 90%.

PROSPECTS

With Mainland China's economy slowing down in 2012 after years of remarkable growth, the shrink in demand and intense competition in the market have posed challenges to retail businesses as a whole. In view of the possible impact on the retail market from such readjustment that is likely to continue into 2013 amidst vigorous austerity policies to be pursued by the Central Government, the Group maintains a prudent outlook for its operations in the coming year.

The Group, however, believes that the negative economic conditions will not have a long term impact on the market. The Group will eventually enjoy a more healthy business development from these market changes. The Group will continue to gear its efforts towards enhancing product design and development, perfecting quality control and further controlling production and operating costs. Well aware of the importance of safeguarding and enhancing brand image to our competitive power, we will place more resources to our marketing departments for the support of marketing activities and branding initiatives and put it as our important duties in medium and long term.

The Group will continue to keep close liaison with our distributors for a more timely understanding of their businesses. The Group will also provide them with appropriate support to ease their operation pressures and request them to place orders in a more prudent manner. These measures would ensure their stable business development in the long term and in turn would provide a win-win position. Furthermore, the Group will seek to boost the selling capacity of our various sales channels, including factory outlets, with an aim to lower the inventory level and possible inventory risk.

As for our licensing operation, the target will continue to be enhancing our brand image through better communication with and optimum monitoring of our licensees.



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

The general manageress overseeing the China Mainland's apparel business retired in early 2013. The Company's Deputy Chief Executive Officer has also been appointed as the chief executive officer of the Group's Mainland operations. The apparel operation in the Mainland will be reorganized to achieve higher efficiency through a clearer definition and division of duties.

The Group's Mainland sales fair of the 2013 fall and winter collections was held in early March 2013. Due to the relatively prudent orders placed by our distributors, total order amount as shown in our preliminary records was at the same level of our 2012 fall and winter collections. Deliveries are expected to be made in the second half of 2013.

Over in Singapore, improvement in the market is yet to be expected in 2013. The already challenging operating environment will likely be aggravated by higher operating costs. As such, the Group will continue to pursue pragmatism for achieving stable development.

As for investment properties, the Group will continue to boost the leasing potential of its properties on hand to ensure a steady inflow of rental revenue.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

On behalf of the Board, I would like to extend my gratitude to our staff for their dedication and continuous support.

Dr. Tsang Hin Chi
Chairman

Hong Kong, 21st March 2013

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

As at 31st December 2012

Property	Description	Lot Number	Type	Lease term	
Hong Kong					
1.	1st to 6th floors, Goldlion Holdings Centre, 13-15 Yuen Shun Circuit, Siu Lek Yuen, Shatin, New Territories	The property, with a gross floor area of 23,077 sq.m., comprises the entire 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th floors of a 8-storey factory/warehouse. The building was completed in 1989.	Shatin Town Lot No. 273	Industrial	The property is held for a term commencing on 26th February 1987 and expiring on 30th June 2047.
2.	No. 3 Yuk Yat Street, To Kwa Wan, Kowloon	The property comprises a modified 12-storey building completed in 1971. The property has a total gross floor area of 7,013 sq.m..	Kowloon Inland Lot No. 9676	Industrial/ Office	The property is held for a term of 75 years from 12th November 1969 renewable for a further term of 75 years.
3.	Unit A on 5th floor, Unit D on 6th floor, Units A and B on 7th floor, Units A, B, C and D on 14th floor, together with car parking S18 on the ground floor, Ming Wah Industrial Building, 13-33 Wang Lung Street, Tsuen Wan, New Territories	The property comprises units on the 5th, 6th and 7th floor, the whole of 14th floor and a car parking space on the ground floor of a 24-storey industrial building completed in 1976. The property has a total gross floor area of 3,238 sq.m..	81/1024th shares of and in Tsuen Wan Town Lot No. 134	Industrial	The property is held for a term of 99 years from 1st July 1898 less the last three days and renewed to 30th June 2047.
4.	Unit B on 3rd floor, Acro Industrial Building, 19 Yuk Yat Street, To Kwa Wan, Kowloon	The property comprises a workshop unit on the third floor of a 12-storey plus basement industrial building completed in 1978. The property has a gross floor area of 536 sq.m..	58/1184th shares of and in Kowloon Inland Lot No. 9681	Industrial	The property is held for a term of 75 years from 23rd March 1970 and renewable for a further term of 75 years.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

As at 31st December 2012

Property	Description	Lot Number	Type	Lease term
China Mainland				
5.	Levels 1 to 5, Level 7, Units 01 to 07 and Units 09 to 12 on Level 8, Level 9, Unit 01 and Units 03 to 12 on Level 10, Level 11, Unit 01 and Units 03 to 12 on Level 12, Level 13, Units 02 to 12 on Level 14, Level 15, Unit 01 and Units 03 to 12 on Level 16, Units 07 to 12 on Level 17, Units 03 to 12 on Level 18, Levels 19 to 28, the car parking spaces in the basement levels 1 to 3 and the mezzanine level of the building, Goldlion Digital Network Centre, Ti Yu Dong Road, Tianhe District, Guangzhou, Guangdong Province	The property is a 29-storey plus 4 basements commercial building built on a site of 6,670 sq.m.. The gross floor area of the commercial and office portions is approximately 49,283 sq.m..	–	Commercial/ Office The land use right is held for a term of 40 years for commercial or car parking uses and 50 years for office use commencing from 27th January 1997.
6.	Shenyang Goldlion Commercial Building, 186-190 Zhong Jie Lu, Shen He Qu, Shenyang, Liaoning Province	The property is a 7-storey commercial building built on a site of 5,379 sq.m.. The 2 phases were completed in 1991 and 1993 respectively and was completely refurbished in 2002. The property has a gross floor area of 14,801 sq.m..	–	Commercial The land use right is held for a term of 40 years for commercial use commencing from 23rd April 2008.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

As at 31st December 2012

Property	Description	Lot Number	Type	Lease term
China Mainland (continued)				
7.	Unit 07 on Level 24 and Unit 07 and 08 on Level 26, No. 577 Tianhe North Road, Unit 07 on Level 25, Unit 07 on Level 26 and Unit 07 and 08 on Level 28, No. 581 Tianhe North Road, Concord New World Garden, Tianhe District, Guangzhou, Guangdong Province	–	Residential	The land use right is held for a term of 70 years from 1st April 1999.
8.	Unit 03 on Level 10, No. 852 Dongfeng East Road, Glorious City Garden, Yue Xiu District, Guangzhou, Guangdong Province	–	Residential	The land use right is held for a term of 70 years from 7th April 1990.
9.	Units C18, 101, 102A, 102B and 103 on Level 1, Unit C18 on Levels 2 and 3, Units C11, C12, C19, D01, D26, D27, D30, E17, E25 and E26 on Levels 1 and 2, Goldlion Fashion Walk, Jiangnan Binfang Dai Dao, Meizhou Ze, Guangdong Province	140209020490 and 140209020608-1	Commercial	The land use right is held for a term of 40 years for commercial use.

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

As at 31st December 2012

Property	Description	Lot Number	Type	Group interest
Completed properties held for sale				
Goldlion City Garden, Goldlion Fashion Walk, Jiangnan Binfang Dai Dao, Meizhou Ze, Guangdong Province, PRC	The Group held 454 sq.m. of commercial space for sale.	140209020490 and 140209020608-1	Commercial	100%
Assets classified as held for sale				
Block Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5 and 9, No. 44 Anhua Road, Changning District, Shanghai, PRC	The property has a gross floor area of 4,123 sq.m..	–	Industrial/ Residential	100%

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Board and the management of the Company are committed to maintain a high standard of corporate governance. The Board believes that to carry the business in an accountable and transparent manner and following good corporate governance practices serve the long-term value to shareholders and stakeholders.

Throughout the year under review, the Company complied with the Code Provisions in Code on Corporate Governance Practices during the period from 1st January 2012 to 31st March 2012 and the Corporate Governance Code during the period from 1st April 2012 to 31st December 2012 as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") except for a derivation as specified and explained below.

The Directors continue to monitor and review the Company's corporate governance practices to ensure compliance.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Overall Accountability

The Board assumes full responsibility for leadership, control and development of the Company and is collectively responsible for promoting the success and sustainable development of the Company. It provides direction in matters concerning the Company's business strategies, policies and plans whereas the daily business operations are delegated to the senior management. In discharging its corporate accountability, each Director is required to pursue excellence in the interests of the shareholders as a whole and fulfill his fiduciary duties by applying the required level of skills, care and diligence to a standard in accordance with the statutory requirements.

Board composition

The Board has a balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the Group's business. Currently, the Board comprises totally eight members including three executive Directors, two non-executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. Non-executive Directors provide the Board with diversified expertise and experience. The Board believes that the presence of independent non-executive Directors can provide sufficient checks and balances that safeguard the interests of shareholders and the Group as a whole.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has confirmed in writing to the Company their independence in particularly in regard to the requirements under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board considers that the independent non-executive Directors are free from any business or other relationship that may influence their exercise of independent judgement.

In case of an independent non-executive Director serves more than 9 years, his further appointment is subject to a separate resolution to be approved by shareholders. The circular to shareholders accompanying that resolution includes the reasons why the Board believes he is still independent and should be re-elected.

Biographical details of the Directors are set out on page 28 to 30.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD OF DIRECTORS *(continued)*

Responsibilities and Delegation

The Company has clear policy to ensure that all Directors have a proper understanding of the business and operation of the Group and that they are fully aware their roles and responsibilities as Directors under relevant legislations and regulatory requirements.

The Board is accountable for the supervision of the management in the business and affairs of the Company and the Group. Apart from its statutory and fiduciary duties, the Board sets the Group's objective and approves strategic plans, key operational targets, capital expenditure, major investments and financing decisions. Day-to-day management of the Company is delegated to the executive Directors and the officers in charge of each business unit and function who are required to report to the Board.

All Board members are provided with full and timely information about the conduct of the business and development of the Company including monthly reports and updates on major matters. The Board regularly reviews businesses and performance of the Group.

To assist in the execution of its responsibilities, the Board has established a number of Committees including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. All of these Board Committees have clear written terms of reference and are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Board Meetings

The Board meets regularly and as and when required. In the year under review, four regular full Board meetings had been held at approximately quarterly intervals. The Directors discussed the overall strategies of the Group, monitored financial and operational performance, approved the Group's financial statements and the appointments of Directors, as well as other material contracts and significant matters at the Board meetings.

Details of Directors' attendance records in 2012 are set out below:

	Attendance (%)	
Executive Directors		
Dr. Tsang Hin Chi	(4/4)	100%
Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky	(4/4)	100%
Madam Wong Lei Kuan	(3/4)	75%
Non-executive Directors		
Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles	(4/4)	100%
Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy ⁽¹⁾	(3/4)	75%
Independent non-executive Directors		
Dr. Lau Yue Sun	(4/4)	100%
Mr. Li Ka Fai, David	(4/4)	100%
Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter ⁽²⁾	(1/1)	100%

Notes:

1. previously an independent non-executive Director, re-designated as a non-executive Director on 5th September 2012
2. appointed on 17th September 2012

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD OF DIRECTORS *(continued)*

Board Meetings *(continued)*

Dates of regular Board meetings are scheduled in the prior year to provide sufficient notice for all the Directors an opportunity to attend. For special Board meeting, reasonable notice is given.

The Company Secretary assists the Chairman in establishing the meeting agenda, and each of the Directors may request inclusion of items in the agenda. Board members are also provided with timely and adequate information prior to the Board meetings, and on an on-going basis, can have separate and independent access to the Group's senior management. Where queries are raised by Directors, prompt and full responses will be given if possible.

At the Board meetings, there is open atmosphere for Directors to contribute alternative views and major decisions would only be taken after a full discussion at the meetings. For matters on transactions where Directors are considered having conflict of interests, the Directors concerned would not be counted in quorum of meeting and shall abstain from voting of the relevant resolution.

The Directors can have separate and independent access to the Company Secretary. Minutes of the meetings are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection by Directors.

All Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information about the Group so that they can discharge their duties and responsibilities as Directors effectively. Where any member of the Board, whether individual or as a group, needs independent professional advice, the Company will appoint a professional advisor to render such service. The costs of such professional services will be borne by the Company.

A directors' and officers' liabilities insurance in respect of legal actions against Directors and officers has also been arranged.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company are segregated and are not performed by the same individual. Currently, Dr. Tsang Hin Chi is the Chairman of the Board and Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky, a son of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi, serves as the Company's Chief Executive Officer.

There are clear and written definitions of the responsibilities and functions between the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer. The Chairman focuses on the Group's strategic development and provides leadership to the Board. He also ensures that good corporate governance practices and procedures are established and all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at the Board meetings and receive, in a timely manner, adequate information which is accurate, clear, complete and reliable.

The Chief Executive Officer is being assisted by senior management of the Group in assuming his executive duties and responsibility for the Group's day-to-day operation and the effective implementation of corporate strategy and policies, and is answerable to the Board.

The Chairman had held a meeting with the non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) without the presence of executive Directors.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD OF DIRECTORS *(continued)*

Appointments, re-election and removal of Directors

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, any Director appointed to fill casual vacancy should be subject to election at the first general meeting after their appointment and every Director should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. However, all of the non-executive Directors of the Company have not been appointed for a specific term but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, which is not consistent with the requirements of Code Provision A.4.1.

The Board has established the Nomination Committee with specific terms of reference. The Nomination Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, a non-executive Director and an executive Director. List of members of Nomination Committee is set out in the "Corporate Information" on page 2.

With a view to ensuring that the Board has members with the right profile of expertise, skill and ability as well as an appropriate balance of independent Directors, the Nomination Committee is responsible for formulating policy and making recommendations to the Board on nominations, appointment of Directors and Board succession. The Committee develops selection procedures for candidates, and considers different criteria including appropriate professional knowledge and industry experience, as well as consult external recruitment professionals when required. The Committee also reviews the size, structure and composition of the Board and assesses the independence of the independent non-executive Directors. The Committee is provided with sufficient resources enabling it to perform its duties and it can seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense if necessary.

The Nomination Committee held one meeting during the year to discuss the nomination of retiring Directors at the annual general meeting and other relevant matters. The attendance records are as follows:

Members	Attendance (%)	
Dr. Lau Yue Sun (Chairman)	(1/1)	100%
Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy ⁽¹⁾	(1/1)	100%
Mr. Li Ka Fai, David	(1/1)	100%
Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles	(1/1)	100%
Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky	(1/1)	100%
Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter ⁽²⁾	(0/0)	N/A

Notes:

1. resigned on 17th September 2012
2. appointed on 17th September 2012

Training and Support for Directors

Directors should keep abreast of their collective responsibilities. Each newly appointed Directors will receive a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on appointment. Subsequently, the Directors will receive briefing and professional development necessary for them to have proper understanding of the Group's operations and business and are fully aware of their responsibilities under relevant statutory and regulatory requirements. Guidance and notes are issued to Directors where appropriate to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of best corporate governance practices.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD OF DIRECTORS *(continued)*

Training and Support for Directors *(continued)*

During the period under review, the Directors participated in the following trainings:

	Type of trainings
Executive Directors	
Dr. Tsang Hin Chi	B
Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky	B
Madam Wong Lei Kuan	B
Non-executive Directors	
Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles	A, B
Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy ⁽¹⁾	A, B
Independent non-executive Directors	
Dr. Lau Yue Sun	A, B
Mr. Li Ka Fai, David	A, B
Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter ⁽²⁾	B

A: attending seminars and/or conferences

B: reading newspapers, journals and updates relating to the economy, general business or director's duties and responsibilities

Notes:

1. previously an independent non-executive Director, re-designated as a non-executive Director on 5th September 2012
2. appointed on 17th September 2012

Compliance with Model Code

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. All the Directors confirmed that they have complied with the relevant requirements under the Model Code during the year.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Board has established the Remuneration Committee in 2005 with specific terms of reference. The Remuneration Committee is currently consisting of three independent non-executive Directors, a non-executive Director and an executive Director. List of members of Remuneration Committee is set out in the "Corporate Information" on page 2.

The key role of the Committee is to formulate a formal and transparent procedure for setting of remuneration policy, to review and recommend to the Board the remuneration policy, and to review the remuneration packages of the executive Directors and members of the senior management. The main objective of the remuneration policy is to ensure that the Company is able to attract, retain and motivate a high-calibre team of staff.

In determining remuneration packages, the Company mainly considers employment conditions within the same industry and in comparable companies, as well as the Group's relative performance and the performance of the individual staff.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE *(continued)*

In respect of the requirement under Code Provision B.1.2(c), the Company has adopted the model in which the Remuneration Committee should make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management. The Remuneration Committee reviews remuneration packages of the executive Directors and senior management regularly to ensure that those packages are commensurate with their performance. The chairman of the Committee will report the work, findings and recommendations to the Board after each meeting.

The Board provides sufficient resources (including access to independent professional advice if necessary) to the Remuneration Committee to enable it to discharge its duties effectively.

To maintain a proper management control, no Director and members of the senior management can determine his own remuneration.

The Remuneration Committee held four meetings during the year and the attendance records were as follows:

Members	Attendance (%)	
Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter (Chairman) ⁽¹⁾	(2/2)	100%
Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy ⁽²⁾	(2/2)	100%
Dr. Lau Yue Sun	(3/4)	75%
Mr. Li Ka Fai, David	(4/4)	100%
Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles	(4/4)	100%
Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky	(4/4)	100%

Notes:

1. appointed as a member and chairman on 17th September 2012
2. resigned on 17th September 2012

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial reporting

The Board is responsible for overseeing the preparation of financial statements of each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and the results for the corresponding period, as well as price-sensitive announcements and other financial disclosures as required. The Company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with all relevant statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. In preparing the financial statements for the year, the Directors have:

- selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- adopted accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and comply with accounting standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants;
- made judgements and estimates that are reasonable; and have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT *(continued)*

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established in 1998. Currently the Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors and two non-executive Directors, and is currently chaired by Mr. Li Ka Fai, David. Mr. Li is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and has extensive accounting and auditing experiences.

The Audit Committee is primarily assisting the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities for financial reporting, risk management and evaluation of internal controls and auditing processes. It also reports to the Board on the matters relating to the Audit Committee under the relevant regulations. List of members of Audit Committee is set out in the "Corporate Information" on page 2.

The Committee is also empowered to investigate any matters relating to the Group's accounting, auditing, internal controls and financial practices, with full access to records, resources and personnel, to enable it to discharge its functions properly.

In respect of maintaining an appropriate relationship with the Company's auditors, the Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the Company's external auditors, and to approve their remuneration and terms of engagement, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of the auditors. The Committee reviews and monitors the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards. The Committee also discusses with the auditors the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations before the audit commences.

The Audit Committee will review the external auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by the external auditors to management about accounting records, financial statements or systems of control and management's response. The chairman of the Committee will report the work, findings and recommendations to the Board after each meeting.

The Committee had held a meeting with the external auditors without the presence of the management to discuss various auditing issues. The Committee has also conducted regular reviews on the nature and extent of non-audit services supplied by the external auditors.

The Audit Committee held five meetings during the year and the attendance records were as follows:

Members	Attendance (%)	
Mr. Li Ka Fai, David (Chairman)	(5/5)	100%
Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy (Deputy Chairman)	(5/5)	100%
Dr. Lau Yue Sun	(5/5)	100%
Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter (note)	(1/1)	100%
Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles	(5/5)	100%

Note: appointed as a member on 17th September 2012

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT *(continued)*

Internal controls

The Board has ultimate responsibility for maintaining a sound and effective internal control system, which is designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material errors, losses or fraud. The Board, through the Audit Committee, has conducted regular reviews on the effectiveness of the system.

The Group's internal control system comprises an established organizational structure and comprehensive policies and working procedures. Areas of responsibilities of each business and operational unit are reasonably defined to ensure sufficient segregation of duties.

The key procedures that the Board established to provide effective controls are as follows:

- a distinct organizational structure exists with defined lines of authority and control responsibilities;
- a comprehensive management accounting system is in place to provide financial and operational performance indicators to the management and the relevant financial information for reporting and disclosure purpose;
- policies and procedures are designed for safeguarding assets against unauthorized use or disposition; for maintaining proper accounting records; and for ensuring the reliability of financial information used within the business or for publication;
- systems and procedures are also in place to identify, measure, manage and control risks including reputation, strategic, legal, credit, market, liquidity, interest rate and operational risks;
- procedures are designed to ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations;
- Audit Committee reviews recommendations submitted by external auditors to the Group's management in connection with the annual audit and interim review.

The Group's Internal Audit Department plays a major role in monitoring the internal control of the Group. The Department conducts systematic reviews of the Group's internal control system by using a risk-based audit approach and reviews the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control against the framework of the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in order to provide reasonable assurance of the effectiveness of the system. The Department reports directly to the Audit Committee and has free access to review all aspects of the Group's activities and controlling system. The Department summarizes audit findings and control weaknesses and reports to the Audit Committee on a regular basis.

The whistle-blowing procedure of the Group is in place during the year. The procedure is to provide a reporting channel to employees of the Group, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties or frauds in financial reporting, internal control or other matters to the Audit Committee.

During the year, the Audit Committee, as delegated by the Board, has reviewed the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls as well as risk management functions. The annual review also considered the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budgets of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT *(continued)*

External auditors and their remuneration

The external audit function provides an objective assessment of the financial information presented by the management, and is considered one of the essential elements to ensure effective corporate governance. A statement by the Company's external auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers, in respect of their reporting responsibilities is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on page 37.

During the year, total auditors' remuneration in relation to statutory audit work of the Group amounted to HK\$3,368,000, of which a sum of HK\$2,980,000 was paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers. The remuneration for PricewaterhouseCoopers for services rendered is broken down below:

	HK\$
Statutory audit and interim review fee	2,980,000
Tax consulting services	98,200
Review on continuing connected transactions	90,000
Total	3,168,200

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Board strives for timeliness and transparency in its disclosures to shareholders and the public. The Company disseminates its information to shareholders in a timely manner through various channels including interim and annual reports, published announcements, press releases and shareholders' circulars. Regular meetings are held with investors, analysts, bankers and the press. The Group has a corporate website where shareholders and members of the public are able to access to up-to-date corporate information and events related to the Group.

Contact details of the Company (including telephone and fax numbers, postal and email addresses) are listed in the "Corporate Information" on page 2. Shareholders can send their enquiries to the Company through these channels. Shareholders can also contact Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, the share registrar of the Company, if they have any enquiries about their shareholdings and entitlements to dividend.

Shareholders' views on matters relating to the Group are always welcomed by the Company. The Company encourages shareholders to attend at the shareholders' meetings to express any concerns they may have with the Board and management directly.

The annual general meeting of the Company provides a useful platform for dialogue and interaction with all the shareholders. At the annual general meeting, the Chairman as well as chairmen of the Board Committees, or in their absence, members of the Committees and the Company's external auditors are available to answer shareholders' questions.

Proceedings of the annual general meeting are reviewed regularly to ensure that the Company follows good corporate governance practices. The notice of annual general meeting is distributed to all shareholders at least twenty clear business days prior to the date of meeting and the accompanying circular also sets out details of each proposed resolution and other relevant information as required under the Listing Rules. The chairman of the annual general meeting proposes separate resolutions for each issue to be considered and exercises his power under the Articles of Association of the Company to put each proposed resolution to the vote by way of a poll. The procedures for demanding and conducting a poll are explained at the meeting prior to the polls being taken. Voting results are posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange on the day of the meeting.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS *(continued)*

The 2012 annual general meeting was held on 25th May 2012. The attendance records of the Directors at the meeting were as follows:

	Attended/ held
Executive Directors	
Dr. Tsang Hin Chi	1/1
Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky	1/1
Madam Wong Lei Kuan	1/1
Non-executive Directors	
Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles	1/1
Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy ⁽¹⁾	1/1
Independent non-executive Directors	
Dr. Lau Yue Sun	1/1
Mr. Li Ka Fai, David	1/1
Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter ⁽²⁾	N/A

Notes:

1. previously an independent non-executive Director, re-designated as a non-executive Director on 5th September 2012
2. appointed on 17th September 2012

Convening an extraordinary general meeting on requisition by shareholders

Shareholder(s) holding not less than one-twentieth of the paid up capital of the Company can make a requisition to convene an extraordinary general meeting pursuant to Section 113 of the Companies Ordinance. The requisition must state the objects of the meeting, and must be signed by the relevant shareholder(s) and deposited at the registered office of the Company. Besides, Section 115A of the Companies Ordinance provides that (i) shareholder(s) representing not less than one-fortieth of the total voting rights of all shareholders of the Company or (ii) not less than 50 shareholders holding the shares in the Company on which there has been paid up an average sum of not less than HK\$2,000 per shareholder can put forward proposals for consideration at a general meeting of the Company by depositing a requisition in writing signed by the relevant shareholder(s) at the registered office of the Company.

If the Directors of the Company do not within 21 days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene an extraordinary general meeting for a day not more than 28 days after the date on which the notice convening the extraordinary general meeting is given, the shareholder(s) concerned, or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene an extraordinary general meeting, provided that the extraordinary general meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of 3 months from the said date.

The extraordinary general meeting convened by shareholders shall be convened in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which general meetings are to be convened by the Directors of the Company.

During the year ended 31st December 2012, the Company has not made any changes to its Memorandum and Articles of Association.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors submit their report together with the audited financial statements of Goldlion Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") for the year ended 31st December 2012.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND GEOGRAPHICAL ANALYSIS OF OPERATIONS

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 9 to the financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by operating segment is set out in note 5 to the financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 41.

The Directors have declared an interim dividend of 9.0 HK cents (2011: 8.5 HK cents) per ordinary share, totalling HK\$88,390,000 (2011: HK\$83,480,000), which was paid on 26th September 2012.

The Directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of 18.0 HK cents (2011: 17.0 HK cents) per ordinary share totalling HK\$176,781,000 (2011: HK\$166,959,000) in respect of the year ended 31st December 2012. Subject to the shareholders' approval at the Annual General Meeting to be held on 24th May 2013, the final dividend will be paid on or about 11th June 2013 to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members as at 31st May 2013.

RESERVES

Movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 43 and note 17(a) to the financial statements. The movements in the reserves of the Company are set out in note 17(b) to the financial statements.

DONATIONS

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year amounted to HK\$3,968,000 (2011: HK\$814,000).

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 7 to the financial statements.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTIES

Details of the principal properties of the Group held for sale and investment purposes at 31st December 2012 are set out on pages 12 to 15.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 16 to the financial statements.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Distributable reserves of the Company at 31st December 2012, calculated under section 79B of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, amounted to HK\$341,171,000 (2011: HK\$399,858,000).

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association and there was no restriction against such rights under the laws of Hong Kong, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for each of the last five financial years is set out on page 96.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Dr. TSANG Hin Chi
Mr. TSANG Chi Ming, Ricky
Madam WONG Lei Kuan

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. NG Ming Wah, Charles
Dr. WONG Ying Ho, Kennedy (re-designated as non-executive Director on 5th September 2012)

Independent non-executive Directors:

Dr. LAU Yue Sun
Mr. LI Ka Fai, David
Mr. NGUYEN, Van Tu Peter (appointed on 17th September 2012)

In accordance with Article 92 of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter holds office until the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

In accordance with Article 101 of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky, Madam Wong Lei Kuan and Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy retire by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

The Company has received confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors as regards their independence to the Company and considers them to be independent.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Descriptions of the Directors and Senior Management of the Group are set out as follows:

Executive Directors

Dr. the Honourable Tsang Hin Chi, G.B.M., aged 79, is Chairman and a founder of the Group. Dr. Tsang holds an Honorary Doctorate degree from the Sun Yat-sen University in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), and an Honorary Doctorate degree in Social Science from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He is an honorary citizen of Beijing, Harbin, Shenyang, Dalian and Guangzhou. Dr. Tsang is concurrently honorary vice chairman of the All-China Federation of Industry & Commerce, ex-officio life honorary chairman of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce, and committee member to several Hong Kong and Mainland trade associations. Other public offices he holds include honorary director of the Tsang Hin Chi Education Foundation under the Ministry of Education of the PRC, honorary director of the Tsang Hin Chi Manned Space Foundation, honorary director of the Tsang Hin Chi Sports Foundation, deputy managing director of the Jinan University, and honorary president of the Jiaying University in Guangdong. Previously, he served as a member of the Standing Committee in the National People's Congress of the PRC from the Eighth through the Tenth session. He is the spouse of Madam Wong Lei Kuan and father of Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky, both are executive Directors of the Group.

Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky, aged 46, is Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company overseeing the operations and development of the Group. Mr. Tsang joined the Group in 1989 and was appointed as an executive Director in May 2001. He is a member of the National Committee of the C.P.P.C.C. and the C.P.P.C.C. Guangzhou, and a member of the Executive Committee of the All-China Federation of Industry & Commerce. Mr. Tsang is also vice chairman of Guangdong Federation of Industry & Commerce, vice chairman of Guangzhou Federation of Industry & Commerce, vice chairman of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce, member of the Trade and Industry Advisory Board of the Hong Kong SAR Government and an honorary citizen of Guangzhou and Meizhou. He is a son of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi and Madam Wong Lei Kuan, executive Directors of the Group.

Madam Wong Lei Kuan, aged 75, is a founder of the Group. She is honorary executive committee member of the All-China Women's Federation, honorary chairman of the Ka Ying Chow Commercial Association Limited and a supervising advisor of the Hong Kong Federation of Women. Madam Wong is also honorary committee member of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce and honorary chairman of Ladies' Sub-Committee. She is executive director of the China Women's Development Fund and director of the China Council for the Promotion of Peaceful National Reunification. Besides, Madam Wong has served as a member of the C.P.P.C.C. Guangdong of the PRC from the Seventh through the Ninth session. She is the spouse of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi and mother of Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky, both are executive Directors of the Group.

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles, aged 63, was appointed to the Board in July 1992. Mr. Ng graduated from Loughborough University in England in 1972 with a B.Sc. degree in Electronic and Electrical Engineering and from London Graduate School of Business Studies (London Business School) in England in 1974 with a M.Sc. degree in Business Studies. Mr. Ng has over 30 years of experience in corporate finance and investment banking. He is a director of Somerley Limited, the principal business of which is the provision of corporate financial advisory services. He is an independent non-executive director of China Everbright Limited (stock code: 165). During the last three years, Mr. Ng was an independent non-executive director of Dalian Ports (PDA) Company Limited (stock code: 2880) and China Molybdenum Company Limited (stock code: 3993) (Mr. Ng resigned from Dalian Ports (PDA) Company Limited in March 2011 and his terms of office at China Molybdenum Company Limited expired in August 2012). In addition, Mr. Ng is a member of the board of Governors of Hong Kong Arts Centre.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy, B.B.S., J.P., aged 50, is a solicitor and a China Appointed Attesting Officer. He is the Managing Partner of Philip K.H. Wong, Kennedy Y.H. Wong & Co., Solicitors & Notaries. Dr. Wong is a member of the National Committee of the C.P.P.C.C. and is currently the chairman of Hong Kong Resources Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 2882). He is also an independent non-executive director of Asia Cement (China) Holdings Corporation (stock code: 743), China Overseas Land & Investment Limited (stock code: 688) and Shanghai Industrial Urban Development Group Limited (stock code: 563). During the last three years, Dr. Wong was a non-executive director of Qin Jia Yuan Media Services Company Limited (stock code: 2366) and resigned in November 2010. He was also an independent non-executive director of Great Wall Technology Company Limited (stock code: 074) and retired in June 2010. Dr. Wong was appointed to the Board as an independent non-executive Director in June 2004 and was re-designated as a non-executive Director in September 2012.

Independent non-executive Directors

Dr. Lau Yue Sun, B.B.S., aged 72, is the managing director of New Products Investment Limited and Jip Fair Development Limited, as well as an independent non-executive director of Wing Lee Holdings Limited (stock code: 876). Dr. Lau has over 30 years experience in manufacturing, electronics, plastic injection products and import/export business. He is a member of the Election Committee of Hong Kong SAR, a standing committee member of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce, permanent honorary president of Hong Kong Industrial & Commercial Association, director of Hong Kong Guangdong Chamber of Foreign Investors and chairman of Hong Kong Human Resources Exchange Centre. He is also an advisor of Guangdong Education Foundation, vice chairman of Zhongkai University of Agriculture and Engineering, as well as honorary citizen of Shenzhen, Heyuan, Meizhou and Xingning. Previously, he served as member of the National Committee of the C.P.P.C.C. from the Eighth through the Eleventh session. Dr. Lau was appointed to the Board in December 1994.

Mr. Li Ka Fai, David, aged 58, is currently the deputy managing partner of Li, Tang, Chen & Co. CPA (Practising). He is a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, U.K. as well as The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators, U.K. and an associate member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. He is currently the advisor and former independent director and chairman of the audit committee of China Vanke Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange. He is an independent non-executive director and chairman of the audit committee of each of China-Hongkong Photo Products Holdings Limited (stock code: 1123), Cosmopolitan International Holdings Limited (stock code: 120) and Shanghai Industrial Urban Development Group Limited (stock code: 563), all being listed companies in Hong Kong. Mr. Li is also an independent non-executive director, member of the audit committee and chairman of the remuneration committee of China Merchants Holdings (International) Company Limited (stock code: 144) and an independent non-executive director and member of the audit committee of AVIC International Holding (HK) Limited (stock code: 232), both are listed companies in Hong Kong. Mr. Li was appointed to the Board in August 2010.

Mr. NGUYEN, Van Tu Peter, aged 69, is a senior counsel and was called to the Bar in England by the Honourable Society of the Middle Temple in 1970. He was an assistant crown counsel and crown counsel in the Legal Department of Hong Kong during the period from August 1970 to November 1974 and was in private practice as a barrister in Hong Kong subsequently for approximately twenty years. Mr. Nguyen was appointed as director of Public Prosecutions in the Legal Department of Hong Kong during the period from July 1994 to October 1997 and was the first and only Chinese to hold such position. Mr. Nguyen became a Queen's Counsel in 1995 and was appointed as the Judge of the Court of First Instance of the High Court, Hong Kong from February 1998 to April 2009. Mr. Nguyen was an independent non-executive director of Mayer Holdings Limited (stock code: 1116) from June 2010 to December 2011. Currently, Mr. Nguyen is an independent non-executive director of IPE Group Limited (stock code: 929) and Combest Holdings Limited (stock code: 8190). Mr. Nguyen was appointed to the Board in September 2012.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Senior Management

Mr. Tsang Wing Hong, aged 50, was appointed as the Deputy Chief Executive Officer of the Group in May 2012 and also as the chief executive officer of the Group's Mainland operations in December 2012. He reports to the Group's Chief Executive Officer and assists in discharging executive duties relating to the supervision and management of the day-to-day operations. Mr. Tsang graduated from the University of Birmingham in the United Kingdom with a Bachelor's Degree in Mathematics in 1986 and obtained his MBA Degree from the Kellogg School of Management at Northwestern University and the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology EMBA Program in 2008. In addition, He has completed executive programs in leading universities including Harvard University, INSEAD and TsingHua University. Mr. Tsang has over 20 years experience in retail management, sales and marketing management, and operational management and has been appointed by the Education Bureau of the Hong Kong SAR Government as a member of the Retail Industry Training Advisory Committee since September 2010. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Tsang spent eight years with the Hong Kong Jockey Club (the "Club"). He was the Club's Head of Betting Services (Off-course) from May 2004 to March 2009 and the Head of Betting Services (Cashbet) from April 2009 to March 2012 respectively. Before that, Mr. Tsang worked in Hong Kong Telecommunications Limited (and subsequently PCCW Limited) for ten years, where he held several general manager positions before he was made the director of retail and direct sales.

Mr. Quek Chew Teck, aged 51, was the assistant general manager of Goldlion Singapore from 1987 to 1994 and re-joined the Group in 1998 as the general manager of Goldlion Singapore. He was appointed as a director and the chief executive officer of Goldlion Singapore in 2005 and is also a director of Goldlion Malaysia since 2000. He is responsible for the Group's operations in Singapore and Malaysia as well as the export business to neighbouring countries. Mr. Quek holds a Diploma in Sales and Marketing from the Marketing Institute of Singapore. He has over 20 years experience in corporate management.

Mr. Liu Hong An, aged 51, holds a Bachelor Degree in Mechanical Engineering from the South China University of Technology and is a certified engineer in quota, budget and settlement of construction project. Mr. Liu has over 20 years experience in property investment and management and has worked with large enterprises in China for many years. Mr. Liu has been with the Group since 1997 and is the general manager of the Group's property investment and development operation in Guangzhou and Meizhou.

Mr. Kam Yiu Kwok, aged 50, joined the Group in 1999 as an accounting manager. He was appointed as Secretary of the Company in 2000 and as Chief Financial Officer of the Group in 2010. Mr. Kam has extensive experience in accounting and finance, and is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.

Mr. Tu Wu Yi, aged 51, graduated with an Executive Master of Business Administration Degree. Mr. Tu is a qualified accountant in China Mainland and has more than 20 years experience in finance. He has extensive experience in working with large enterprises and listed companies in China Mainland. He joined the Group in 2000 and is now the chief financial officer of the Group's operations in China Mainland.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

SHARE OPTIONS

At an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 21st May 2002, shareholders approved the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "New Option Scheme"). The New Option Scheme is designed to enable the Group to reward and motivate executives and key employees in service of the Group and other persons who may make a contribution to the Group (the "Eligible Participants").

Under the New Option Scheme which is valid and effective for a term of ten years from the date of its adoption, the Directors may grant options to the Eligible Participants to subscribe for ordinary shares in the Company at a price to be determined by the Directors and to be no less than the higher of: (i) the closing price of the Company's ordinary shares as stated in the Daily Quotation Sheets on the day of offer; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the Company's ordinary shares as stated in the Daily Quotation Sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of offer; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's ordinary shares. The number of ordinary shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any one year is not permitted to exceed 1 percent of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company at the date of such grant, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the New Option Scheme and any other schemes of the Group shall not exceed 30 percent of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company from time to time. The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the New Option Scheme and any other schemes adopted by the Group must not in aggregate exceed 10 percent of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company as at the date of passing the relevant resolution adopting this New Option Scheme.

Offer for the grant of options under the New Option Scheme must be accepted within 28 days from the offer date, upon payment of a nominal price. Options may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the New Option Scheme at any time to be determined by the Board and, in the absence of such determination, such period of time shall not exceed a period of three years commencing on the expiry of six months after the acceptance date.

The New Option Scheme expired on 20th May 2012. During the year, no options had been granted or remained outstanding under the New Option Scheme or any other share option scheme of the Company.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

The Company has not redeemed any of its shares during the year. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased or sold any of the Company's shares during the year.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

At 31st December 2012, the interests and short positions of each Director and Chief Executive in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required maintained by the Company under section 352 of Part XV of the SFO or as notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), were as follows:

(a) Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each in the Company at 31st December 2012

Directors		Number of shares held			Total	Percentage to total issued share capital
		Personal interests	Family interests (Note 1)	Other interests (Note 2)		
Tsang Hin Chi	Long position	–	1,210,000	613,034,750	614,244,750	62.54%
	Short position	–	–	–	–	–
Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky	Long position	1,404,000	–	613,034,750	614,438,750	62.56%
	Short position	–	–	–	–	–
Wong Lei Kuan	Long position	1,210,000	–	613,034,750	614,244,750	62.54%
	Short position	–	–	–	–	–
Ng Ming Wah, Charles	Long position	1,800,000	–	–	1,800,000	0.18%
	Short position	–	–	–	–	–

Notes:

1. Madam Wong Lei Kuan is the spouse of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi. Her shareholding disclosed under the heading "Personal interests" in the above table is the family interest of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi.
2. The shareholdings disclosed by Dr. Tsang Hin Chi, Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky and Madam Wong Lei Kuan under the heading "Other interests" in the above table refer to the same shares which were held by Hin Chi Family Management Limited (being trustee of the Tsang Hin Chi (2007) Family Settlement) as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Substantial Shareholders" below.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION *(continued)*

- (b) Save as disclosed above, as at 31st December 2012, none of the Directors and the Chief Executive of the Company has or is deemed to have any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.
- (c) Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year ended 31st December 2012 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company or any of their spouses or children under the age of 18 to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.
- (d) Other than those interests and short positions disclosed above, the Directors and the Chief Executive also hold shares of certain subsidiaries in trust for the Company solely for the purpose of ensuring that the relevant subsidiary has more than one member.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31st December 2012, the register of substantial shareholders maintained under section 336 of Part XV of the SFO shows that as at 31st December 2012, the Company has been notified of the following substantial shareholders' interests and short positions, being 5% or more of the Company's issued share capital.

Name of holder of securities	Type of securities		Number of shares held	Percentage to total issued share capital
Hin Chi Family Management Limited (Note)	Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	Long position	613,034,750	62.42%
		Short position	–	–
Top Grade Holdings Limited (Note)	Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	Long position	613,034,750	62.42%
		Short position	–	–
Silver Disk Limited (Note)	Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	Long position	160,616,000	16.35%
		Short position	–	–
Tsang Hin Chi Charities (Management) Limited	Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	Long position	53,880,750	5.49%
		Short position	–	–

Note: Hin Chi Family Management Limited as trustee of the Tsang Hin Chi (2007) Family Settlement, held all of the issued share capital of Top Grade Holdings Limited ("Top Grade"). Top Grade was interested in 613,034,750 shares in the Company including 160,616,000 shares held by Silver Disk Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Top Grade.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Other than as disclosed under the section "Connected Transactions", no contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The following transactions between certain connected parties (as defined in the Listing Rules) and the Group have been entered into and/or are ongoing and are exempt from the reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

- (a) The Group paid professional fees of HK\$320,000 to Equitas Capital Limited during the year in the ordinary course of its business. Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles, a non-executive Director of the Company, is the managing director and a principal shareholder of Equitas Capital Limited.
- (b) On 21st January 2011, the Group, as lessor, entered into a lease with China Hong Kong Digital Audiovisual Management Company Limited ("CHKDAM") as lessee in respect of a unit located at Goldlion Holdings Centre in Hong Kong. The lease is for two years commencing from 1st February 2011. During the year, the Group received HK\$390,000 from CHKDAM as rental payment under the lease. Mr. Tsang Chi Hung has an indirect beneficial interest in CHKDAM as he is a major shareholder of the holding company of CHKDAM. Dr. Tsang Hin Chi, Madam Wong Lei Kuan and Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky are interested in this transaction as Mr. Tsang Chi Hung is a son of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi and Madam Wong Lei Kuan, and a brother of Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky.

Details of other connected transactions and continuing connected transactions that are exempt from the independent shareholders' approval requirements but are subject to the reporting and announcement requirements of the Listing Rules are set out as below.

(a) Acquisitions of equity interests in Goldlion China and Goldlion Clothes Making

On 6th December 2012, the Group acquired 0.56% equity interest in the issued share capital of Goldlion (China) Limited ("Goldlion China") and 1.08% equity interest in the issued share capital of Goldlion Clothes Making Company Limited ("Goldlion Clothes Making") respectively from Meizhou Foreign Economic Development Co., Limited. ("MFED"). The aggregate consideration for the acquisitions amounted to approximately HK\$12,419,000. Details of the acquisitions were set out in the Company's announcement dated 27th November 2012. As at the date of the announcement, Goldlion China was owned as to 99.44% by the Group and 0.56% by MFED, whereas Goldlion Clothes Making was owned as to 98.92% by the Group and 1.08% by MFED. As at the date of the announcement, Mr. Zhang Zi Hong and Mr. Zhang Lin, directors of both Goldlion China and Goldlion Clothes Making, were interested in approximately 52% and 48% in the issued share capital of MFED respectively. MFED is therefore a connected person of the Group within the meaning of the Listing Rules, and the acquisitions constitute connected transactions of the Group under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

(b) Continuing connected transaction – Lease Agreement

On 28th April 2009, the Group, as lessor, entered into a supplementary lease agreement with Guangzhou World Trade Center Club Company Limited ("GWTCCL") as lessee in respect of a business centre and facilities therein located at Goldlion Digital Network Centre, Guangzhou. The lease was renewed subsequently on 4th July 2011, which is for two years commencing from 15th July 2011. During the year, the Group received HK\$1,858,000 from GWTCCL as rental and building management fee income under the lease. Mr. Tsang Chi Hung has an indirect beneficial interest in GWTCCL as he is a major shareholder of the holding company of GWTCCL. Dr. Tsang Hin Chi, Madam Wong Lei Kuan and Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky are interested in this transaction as Mr. Tsang Chi Hung is a son of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi and Madam Wong Lei Kuan, and a brother of Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS *(continued)*

(c) Continuing connected transactions – Framework Agreement

On 5th September 2012, the Group entered into a framework agreement (the “Framework Agreement”) with Hong Kong Resources Holdings Company Limited (“Hong Kong Resources”), pursuant to which the Group agreed to procure various products, including but not limited to jewellery, accessories, corporate gifts and related products, from Hong Kong Resources and its subsidiaries (“HKR Group”). The Framework Agreement is for a term of three years commencing from 5th September 2012. The maximum aggregate annual value of such transactions under the Framework Agreement is HK\$11,000,000 for each of the three financial years ended 31st December 2012, 31st December 2013 and 31st December 2014. Details of the Framework Agreement were set out in the Company’s announcement dated 5th September 2012. During the year, the Group purchased various products from HKR Group at approximately HK\$4,489,000. Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy, a non-executive Director of the Company, is the chairman and an executive director and a substantial shareholder of Hong Kong Resources.

Confirmations

The aforesaid continuing connected transactions have been reviewed by independent non-executive Directors of the Company. The independent non-executive Directors confirmed that the aforesaid connected transactions were entered into (a) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (b) either on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to or from independent third parties; and (c) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, the Company’s auditor, was engaged to report on the Group’s continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 “Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information” and with reference to Practice Note 740 “Auditor’s Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules” issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued an unqualified letter thereon containing the findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions that are exempt from the independent shareholders’ approval requirements but are subject to the reporting and announcement requirements of the Listing Rules disclosed above by the Group in accordance with paragraph 14A.38 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor’s letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE AND GUARANTEES TO AFFILIATED COMPANIES

There is no advance (including guarantee given by the Company and any of its subsidiaries), which is of non-trading nature, to the affiliated companies as at 31st December 2012 under Chapter 13 of the Listing Rules.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, the Group purchased less than 30% from its five largest suppliers, and sold less than 30% of its goods to its five largest customers.

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholders of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company’s share capital) had an interest (as defined in the Listing Rules) in these major suppliers and customers.



REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, there is sufficient public float of more than 25% of the Company's issued shares at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of the annual report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices. Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 16 to 25.

AUDITOR

The financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2012 have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board

Dr. Tsang Hin Chi

Chairman

Hong Kong, 21st March 2013

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



羅兵咸永道

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GOLDLION HOLDINGS LIMITED (incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Goldlion Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 38 to 95, which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 31st December 2012, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 141 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31st December 2012, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 21st March 2013

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 31st December 2012

	Note	As at 31st December 2012 HK\$'000	As at 31st December 2011 HK\$'000 (Restated)	As at 1st January 2011 HK\$'000 (Restated)
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
Land use rights	6	21,174	15,734	17,017
Property, plant and equipment	7	202,013	209,223	208,407
Investment properties	8	2,102,764	1,963,815	1,838,348
Deposits	13	12,265	–	–
Deferred income tax assets	19	40,855	40,174	42,139
		2,379,071	2,228,946	2,105,911
Current assets				
Completed properties held for sale	10	1,470	3,332	14,712
Inventories	11	376,900	313,269	144,222
Trade receivables	13	110,707	68,854	49,831
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	13	71,744	71,153	52,279
Tax recoverable		1,466	–	–
Bank deposits	14	724,073	666,440	60,552
Cash and cash equivalents	14	341,188	354,539	869,108
		1,627,548	1,477,587	1,190,704
Assets classified as held for sale	15	60,342	–	–
		1,687,890	1,477,587	1,190,704
Total assets		4,066,961	3,706,533	3,296,615
EQUITY				
Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the parent				
Share capital	16	98,211	98,211	98,211
Reserves	17	2,962,982	2,679,218	2,418,041
Proposed final dividend	17	176,781	166,959	137,496
		3,237,974	2,944,388	2,653,748
Non-controlling interests		–	1,311	1,311
Total equity		3,237,974	2,945,699	2,655,059

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 31st December 2012

	Note	As at 31st December 2012 HK\$'000	As at 31st December 2011 HK\$'000 (Restated)	As at 1st January 2011 HK\$'000 (Restated)
LIABILITIES				
Non-current liabilities				
Deferred income tax liabilities	19	336,151	310,090	270,250
Current liabilities				
Trade payables	18	91,727	92,929	56,572
Other payables and accruals		385,353	337,641	295,605
Current income tax liabilities		15,756	20,174	19,129
		492,836	450,744	371,306
Total liabilities		828,987	760,834	641,556
Total equity and liabilities		4,066,961	3,706,533	3,296,615
Net current assets		1,195,054	1,026,843	819,398
Total assets less current liabilities		3,574,125	3,255,789	2,925,309

On behalf of the Board

Dr. Tsang Hin Chi
Chairman

Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky
Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

BALANCE SHEET

As at 31st December 2012

	Note	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Subsidiaries	9	1,442,252	1,499,813
Current assets			
Prepayments		172	172
Cash and cash equivalents	14	1,551	2,180
		1,723	2,352
Total assets		1,443,975	1,502,165
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the parent			
Share capital	16	98,211	98,211
Reserves	17	1,167,536	1,236,045
Proposed final dividend	17	176,781	166,959
Total equity		1,442,528	1,501,215
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accruals		1,447	950
Total equity and liabilities		1,443,975	1,502,165
Net current assets		276	1,402
Total assets less current liabilities		1,442,528	1,501,215

On behalf of the Board

Dr. Tsang Hin Chi
Chairman

Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky
Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended 31st December 2012

	Note	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Turnover	5	1,863,075	1,801,669
Cost of sales	21	(812,918)	(769,726)
Gross profit		1,050,157	1,031,943
Other gains	20	158,882	66,926
Selling and marketing costs	21	(366,413)	(328,241)
Administrative expenses	21	(229,455)	(226,584)
Operating profit		613,171	544,044
Interest income		28,478	21,501
Profit before income tax		641,649	565,545
Income tax expense	26	(138,362)	(142,389)
Profit for the year		503,287	423,156
Profit attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		502,235	422,309
Non-controlling interests		1,052	847
		503,287	423,156
		HK cents	HK cents (Restated)
Earnings per share for profit attributable to owners of the parent during the year			
– basic	29	51.14	43.00
– diluted	29	51.14	43.00

Details of dividends payable to owners of the parent attributable to the profit for the year are set out in note 28.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31st December 2012

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Profit for the year	503,287	423,156
Other comprehensive income		
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of overseas subsidiaries	56,756	89,307
Total comprehensive income for the year	560,043	512,463
Attributable to:		
Owners of the parent	558,991	511,616
Non-controlling interests	1,052	847
Total comprehensive income for the year	560,043	512,463

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31st December 2012

	Attributable to owners of the parent				Total HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Other reserves HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000			
Balance at 1st January 2011, as previously reported	98,211	1,002,662	253,806	1,291,622	2,646,301	1,311	2,647,612
Change in accounting policy – Adoption of HKAS 12 (amendment)	–	–	–	7,447	7,447	–	7,447
Balance at 1st January 2011, as restated	98,211	1,002,662	253,806	1,299,069	2,653,748	1,311	2,655,059
Appropriation to reserves (note 17(a)(i))	–	–	10,565	(10,565)	–	–	–
Transfer from capital reserve to retained earnings	–	–	(380)	380	–	–	–
Final dividend relating to 2010	–	–	–	(137,496)	(137,496)	–	(137,496)
Interim dividend relating to 2011	–	–	–	(83,480)	(83,480)	(847)	(84,327)
Total comprehensive income for the year, as restated	–	–	89,307	422,309	511,616	847	512,463
	–	–	99,492	191,148	290,640	–	290,640
Balance at 31st December 2011, as restated	98,211	1,002,662	353,298	1,490,217	2,944,388	1,311	2,945,699
Balance at 1st January 2012, as previously reported	98,211	1,002,662	353,298	1,479,008	2,933,179	1,311	2,934,490
Change in accounting policy – Adoption of HKAS 12 (amendment)	–	–	–	11,209	11,209	–	11,209
Balance at 1st January 2012, as restated	98,211	1,002,662	353,298	1,490,217	2,944,388	1,311	2,945,699
Appropriation to reserves (note 17(a)(i))	–	–	8,581	(8,581)	–	–	–
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control (note 17(a)(ii))	–	–	(10,056)	–	(10,056)	(2,363)	(12,419)
Final dividend relating to 2011	–	–	–	(166,959)	(166,959)	–	(166,959)
Interim dividend relating to 2012	–	–	–	(88,390)	(88,390)	–	(88,390)
Total comprehensive income for the year	–	–	56,756	502,235	558,991	1,052	560,043
	–	–	55,281	238,305	293,586	(1,311)	292,275
Balance at 31st December 2012	98,211	1,002,662	408,579	1,728,522	3,237,974	–	3,237,974

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 31st December 2012

	Note	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	30	409,883	386,467
Income tax paid		(125,228)	(108,752)
Net cash generated from operating activities		284,655	277,715
Cash flows from investing activities			
Additions to investment properties	8	(9,494)	(7,207)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	7	(16,443)	(21,392)
Proceeds from disposal of an investment property	30(a)	–	10,361
Proceeds from disposals of land use rights, and property, plant and equipment	30(b)	2,343	426
Increase in bank deposits with maturity over 3 months		(57,633)	(605,888)
Interest received		28,478	21,501
Net cash used in investing activities		(52,749)	(602,199)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Dividends paid to owners of the parent		(255,349)	(220,976)
Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries		–	(847)
Acquisitions of non-controlling interests	17(a)(ii)	(12,419)	–
Net cash used in financing activities		(267,768)	(221,823)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(35,862)	(546,307)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1st January		354,539	869,108
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		22,511	31,738
Cash and cash equivalents at 31st December		341,188	354,539

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 9 to the financial statements.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong. The address of its registered office is 7th floor, Goldlion Holdings Centre, 13-15 Yuen Shun Circuit, Siu Lek Yuen, Shatin, Hong Kong SAR.

The Company is listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 21st March 2013.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basis and principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31st December.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"). They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investment properties.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 4.

(a) *Amended standard adopted by the Group*

The following amended standard is mandatory for the first financial year beginning on or after 1st January 2012.

The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") has amended HKAS 12, 'Income taxes', to introduce an exception to the principle for the measurement of deferred tax assets or liabilities arising on an investment property measured at fair value. HKAS 12 requires an entity to measure the deferred tax relating to an asset depending on whether the entity expects to recover the carrying amount of the asset through use or sale. The amendment introduces a rebuttable presumption that an investment property measured at fair value is recovered entirely by sale. The amendment is applicable retrospectively with effect from annual periods beginning on or after 1st January 2012.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

2.1 Basis of preparation *(continued)*

(a) **Amended standard adopted by the Group** *(continued)*

The Group has adopted this amendment retrospectively for the financial year ended 31st December 2012 and the effects of adoption are disclosed as follows.

As disclosed in note 8, the Group had investment properties measured at their fair values totalling HK\$1,963,815,000 as of 1st January 2012 (1st January 2011: HK\$1,838,348,000). As required by the amendment, the Group has re-measured retrospectively the deferred tax relating to certain investment properties in Hong Kong with aggregate carrying value of HK\$568,500,000 as at 31st December 2012 (31st December 2011: HK\$488,970,000) on the presumption that their values will be recovered entirely by sale. The comparative figures for 2011 have been restated to reflect the change in accounting policy, as summarized below.

Effect on consolidated balance sheet	As at	As at	As at
	31st December 2012 HK\$'000	31st December 2011 HK\$'000	1st January 2011 HK\$'000
Decrease in deferred tax liabilities	20,680	11,209	7,447
Increase in retained earnings	20,680	11,209	7,447

Effect on consolidated income statement	Year ended 31st December	
	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Decrease in income tax expense	9,471	3,762
Increase in profit attributable to owners of the parent	9,471	3,762
Increase in basic earnings per share	0.96 HK cents	0.38 HK cents
Increase in diluted earnings per share	0.96 HK cents	0.38 HK cents

As at 31st December 2012, the remaining investment properties amounting to HK\$1,534,264,000 (31st December 2011: HK\$1,474,845,000) are held by certain subsidiaries outside Hong Kong with a business model to consume substantially all the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale. For these investment properties, the presumption is rebutted and the related deferred tax is not re-measured.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

2.1 Basis of preparation *(continued)*

(b) Amendments to standards mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1st January 2012 but not currently relevant to the Group (although they may affect the accounting for future transactions and events)

The following amendments to standards have been published and are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after 1st January 2012, but are not currently relevant to the Group.

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
HKFRS 1 (Amendment)	Severe hyperinflation and removal of fixed dates for first-time adopters	1st July 2011
HKFRS 7 (Amendment)	Disclosures – Transfers of financial assets	1st July 2011

(c) New standards, amendments and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1st January 2012 and have not been early adopted

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
HKAS 1 (Amendment)	Presentation of financial statements	1st July 2012
HKAS 19 (Amendment)	Employee benefits	1st January 2013
HKAS 27 (Revised)	Separate financial statements	1st January 2013
HKAS 28 (Revised)	Investments in associates and joint ventures	1st January 2013
HKAS 32 (Amendment)	Financial instruments: Presentation – Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities	1st January 2014
HKFRS 1 (Amendment)	Government loans	1st January 2013
HKFRS 7 (Amendment)	Financial instruments: Disclosures – Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities	1st January 2013
HKFRS 9	Financial instruments	1st January 2015
HKFRS 7 and HKFRS 9 (Amendments)	Mandatory effective date and transition disclosures	1st January 2015
HKFRS 10	Consolidated financial statements	1st January 2013
HKFRS 11	Joint arrangements	1st January 2013
HKFRS 12	Disclosures of interests in other entities	1st January 2013
HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 (Amendments)	Consolidated financial statements, joint arrangements and disclosure of interests in other entities: Transition guidance	1st January 2013
HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (Amendments)	Investment entities	1st January 2014
HKFRS 13	Fair value measurement	1st January 2013
HK(IFRIC) – Int 20	Stripping costs in the production phase of a surface mine	1st January 2013
Annual improvements project	Annual improvements 2009-2011 cycle	1st January 2013

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

2.1 Basis of preparation *(continued)*

(c) ***New standards, amendments and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1st January 2012 and have not been early adopted*** *(continued)*

The Group plans to adopt the above new standards, amendments and interpretations when they become effective. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the related impact of adopting the above new standards, amendments and interpretations to the Group. So far, except for HKFRS 10 "Consolidated financial statements", the Group is not yet in a position to state whether substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies and presentation of the financial statements will result.

HKFRS 10, "Consolidated financial statements", builds on existing principles by identifying the concept of control as the determining factor in whether an entity should be included within the consolidated financial statements of the parent company. The standard provides additional guidance to assist in the determination of control where this is difficult to assess. The Group assessed that adoption of HKFRS 10 did not result in any change in the consolidation status of its subsidiaries.

2.2 Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. The Group also assesses existence of control where it does not have more than 50% of the voting power but is able to govern the financial and operating policies by virtue of de-facto control. De-facto control may arise from circumstances where it does not have more than 50% of the voting power but is able to govern the financial and operating policies by virtue of de-facto control.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend and receivable.

Inter-company transactions, balances, income and expenses on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Profits and losses resulting from inter-company transactions that are recognized in assets are also eliminated. The financial reporting of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

2.4 Foreign currency translation

(a) *Functional and presentation currency*

Items included in the financial statements of each of the group entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the “functional currency”). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars.

(b) *Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the income statement.

(c) *Group companies*

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Exchange differences arising are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(d) *Disposal of foreign operation and partial disposal*

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group’s entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to owners of the parent are reclassified to the income statement.

In the case of a partial disposal that does not result in the Group losing control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognized in the income statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings comprise mainly factories, retail outlets and offices other than investment properties as mentioned in note 2.7. Leasehold land classified as finance leases and all other property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are expensed in the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Leasehold land classified as finance lease commences amortization from the time when the land interest becomes available for its intended use. Amortization on leasehold land classified as finance lease and depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Leasehold land classified as finance lease	Remaining lease term
Buildings	2% to 5%
Plant and machinery	10% to 20%
Furniture and fixtures	20% to 33%
Computers	20% to 33%
Motor vehicles	20% to 25%

The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 2.8).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount. These are included in the income statement.

2.6 Land use rights

Land use rights are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Cost mainly represents consideration paid for the rights to use the land on which plants and buildings are situated for a period of between 50 to 70 years from the dates the respective rights were granted. Amortization of land use right is calculated on a straight-line basis over the period of the rights.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

2.7 Investment properties

Investment properties are held for long-term rental yields and are not occupied by the Group. This category of asset also includes properties that are being constructed or developed for future use as investment properties. Investment properties are measured initially at their costs, including related transaction costs. After initial recognition, investment properties are carried at fair value, representing open market value determined at each reporting date by external valuers. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If the information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. Changes in fair values are recorded in the income statement as part of other gains.

Land held under operating leases is classified and accounted for as investment properties when the rest of the definition of investment property is met. The operating lease is accounted for as if it was a finance lease.

2.8 Impairment of investments in subsidiaries and non-financial assets

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

Assets that have indefinite useful lives are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment. All assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffer an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each subsequent reporting date.

2.9 Completed properties held for sale

Completed properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost comprises land use rights and development costs attributable to the unsold properties. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less selling expenses.

2.10 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of all production overhead expenditure. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less applicable variable selling expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

2.11 Financial assets

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for the amounts that are settled or expected to be settled more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise "trade and other receivables" and "cash and cash equivalents" in the balance sheet (notes 2.12 and 2.13).

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Loans and receivables are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.12 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the assets is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognized in the income statement within administrative expenses. When a trade receivable is deemed uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for trade receivables. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against administrative expenses in the income statement.

2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

2.14 Assets classified as held for sale

Non-current assets are re-classified as held for sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction and a sale is considered highly probable. They are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell, except for investment properties. Investment properties, if held for sale, continue to be measured in accordance with the policies set out in note 2.7.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

2.15 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Where any group company purchases the Company's equity share capital (treasury shares), the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to owners of the parent until the shares are cancelled or reissued. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to owners of the parent.

2.16 Trade payables

Trade payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

2.17 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the consolidated income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

2.18 Employee benefits

(a) *Employee leave entitlements*

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognized when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity or paternity leave are not recognized until the time of leave.

(b) *Profit sharing and bonus plans*

The expected cost of profit sharing and bonus payments are recognized as a liability when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

Liabilities for profit sharing and bonus plans are expected to be settled within the next twelve months and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when they are settled.

(c) *Equity compensation benefits*

For awarded shares granted under the Employees' Share Award Scheme, the fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the awarded shares is recognized as an expense and credited to an employee share-based compensation reserve under equity. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the awarded shares awarded and purchased.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of awarded shares that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognized in income statement over the remaining vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to the employee share-based compensation reserve.

When the awarded shares purchased with contributions paid to the Employee Share Trust vest, the related cost of the vested shares is released from the employee share-based compensation reserve to eliminate the related amount of shares held for Share Award Scheme.

(d) *Pension obligations*

The Group operates defined contribution retirement schemes which are available for all qualified employees in Hong Kong and Singapore. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds. For the retirement schemes for Hong Kong and Singapore employees, monthly contributions made by the Group and the employees are calculated as a fixed percentage of the employees' basic salaries or a fixed sum for each employee where appropriate. Contributions to these schemes by the Group are expensed as incurred and/or are reduced by those employees who leave the schemes prior to vesting fully in the contributions.

The Group also participates in the employee pension schemes operated by the municipal governments of various cities in China Mainland and is required to make annual contributions in the range of 19% to 32% of annual payroll costs to these schemes. The municipal governments are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees. The only obligation of the Group is to pay the ongoing required contribution under these schemes. The contributions are charged to the income statement as incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

2.19 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

The Group recognizes revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below. The amount of revenue is not considered to be reliably measurable until all contingencies relating to the sale have been resolved. The Group bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

(a) *Sales of goods – wholesale*

Sales of goods are recognized when a group entity has delivered products to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and collectibility of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

(b) *Sales of goods – retail*

Sales of goods are recognized when a group entity sells a product to the customer. Retail sales are usually in cash or by credit card. The recorded revenue includes credit card fees payable for the transaction. Such fees are included in selling and marketing costs.

(c) *Sales of properties*

Revenue from sales of properties is recognized when a group entity has delivered the relevant properties to the purchaser and collectibility of related receivable is reasonably assured. Deposits and instalments received on properties sold prior to the date of revenue recognition are included in the balance sheets under current liabilities.

(d) *Gross rental income from investment properties*

Gross rental income from investment properties is recognized on a straight-line basis over the periods of the respective leases.

(e) *Licensing income and building management fee*

Licensing income and building management fee income are recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreements.

(f) *Interest income*

Interest income is recognized on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

2.20 Leases (as the lessee for operating leases)

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor), including upfront payment made for land use rights, are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

2.21 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the Group's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders for final dividend and Board of Directors for interim dividend.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk and cash flow interest rate risk), credit risk, and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Risk management is carried out under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Board provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest-rate risk and credit risk.

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the value of an asset, liability or highly probable forecast transaction denominated in foreign currency will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group operates in various regions and is exposed to foreign exchange risk primarily arising from bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents and trade receivables which are denominated in Renminbi and Singapore dollar, and net investments in foreign subsidiaries in China Mainland and Singapore.

At 31st December 2012, if Hong Kong dollar had weakened/strengthened by 2% against Renminbi with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been HK\$2,979,000 (2011: HK\$2,356,000) higher/lower, mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of Renminbi denominated bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents and trade receivables.

Management estimated that a 2% appreciation/depreciation of Singapore dollar against Hong Kong dollar would not have a material effect on the Group's post-tax profit for the year. Therefore, no sensitivity analysis for Singapore dollar is presented.

(ii) Cash flow interest rate risk

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows associated with financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates, except for the interest income derived from bank deposits. Apart from bank deposits, the Group has no significant interest bearing assets or liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(continued)*

3.1 Financial risk factors *(continued)*

(b) Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. Credit risk is managed on a group basis and individual basis. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks, credit exposures to wholesale and retail customers and other parties, including outstanding receivables and deposits and other receivables. Impairment provisions are made for losses that have been incurred at the balance sheet date.

The Group limits its exposure to credit risk by rigorously selecting the counterparties including the deposits-takers and debtors and by diversification. Bank deposits are placed only with major and sizeable banks approved by the Board from time to time and there was no significant concentration risk to a single counterparty.

The Group mitigates its exposure to risks relating to trade receivables by its established procedures in granting credit only to customers with sound credit track records. Sales to retail customers are settled in cash or using major credit cards. No credit limits were exceeded during the reporting period, and management does not expect any losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

As at 31st December 2012, the financial assets of the Group and the Company that are exposed to credit risk and their maximum exposure are as follows:

	31st December 2012		31st December 2011	
	Carrying amount in balance sheet HK\$'000	Maximum exposure to credit risk HK\$'000	Carrying amount in balance sheet HK\$'000	Maximum exposure to credit risk HK\$'000
Group:				
Financial assets:				
Trade receivables	110,707	110,707	68,854	68,854
Deposits and other receivables	33,446	33,446	26,194	26,194
Bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents	1,065,261	1,065,152	1,020,979	1,020,870
Company:				
Financial assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	1,551	1,551	2,180	2,180

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(continued)*

3.1 Financial risk factors *(continued)*

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that funds will not be available to meet liabilities as they fall due, and it results from amount and maturity mismatches of assets and liabilities. Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding from an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. The Company employs projected cash flow analysis to manage liquidity risk by forecasting the amount of cash required and monitoring the working capital of the Group to ensure that all liabilities due and known funding requirements could be met. In addition, banking facilities have been put in place for contingency purposes. As at 31st December 2012, the Group's total available banking facilities amounted to HK\$21,980,000 (2011: HK\$21,490,000).

The table below analyzes the Group's financial liabilities that will be settled on a net basis into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Group	
	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Trade payables and other payables		
Less than 1 year	159,466	159,700

As at 31st December 2012 and 2011, the Company did not have any financial liabilities.

3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to ensure optimal capital structure and shareholder returns, taking into consideration the future capital requirements of the Group and capital efficiency, prevailing and projected profitability, projected operating cash flows, projected capital expenditures and projected strategic investment opportunities.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

4.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(a) *Income taxes*

The Group is subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognizes liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognized when management considers to be probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilized. The outcome of their actual utilization may be different.

(b) *Useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment*

The Group determines the estimated useful lives, residual values and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. The Group will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives; actual residual values may differ from estimated residual values. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable lives and residual values and therefore depreciation expense in the future periods.

(c) *Write-down of inventories to net realizable value*

Net realizable value of inventories is the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business, less estimated selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of change in customer taste and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycle. The Group reassesses these estimates at each balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS *(continued)*

4.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions *(continued)*

(d) Estimate of fair value of investment properties

The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar lease and other contracts. In the absence of such information, the Group determines the amount within a range of reasonable fair value estimates. In making its judgement, the Group considers information from a variety of sources including:

- (i) current prices in an active market for properties of different nature, condition or location (or subject to different lease or other contracts), adjusted to reflect those differences;
- (ii) recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, with adjustments to reflect any changes in economic conditions since the date of the transactions that occurred at those prices; and
- (iii) discounted cash flow projections based on reliable estimates of future cash flows, derived from the terms of any existing lease and other contracts, and (where possible) from external evidence such as current market rents for similar properties in the same location and condition, and using discount rates that reflect current market assessments of the uncertainty in the amount and timing of the cash flows.

If information on current or recent prices of investment properties is not available, the fair values of investment properties are determined using discounted cash flow valuation techniques. The Group uses assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at each balance sheet date.

The principal assumptions underlying management's estimation of fair value are those related to: the receipt of contractual rentals; expected future market rentals; void periods; maintenance requirements; and appropriate discount rates. These valuations are regularly compared to actual market yield data, and actual transactions by the Group and those reported by the market.

The expected future market rentals are determined on the basis of current market rentals for similar properties in the same location and condition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS *(continued)*

4.2 Critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies

Distinction between investment properties and owner-occupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as investment property. In making its judgement, the Group considers whether the property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by an entity. Owner-occupied properties generate cash flows that are attributable not only to properties but also to other assets used in the production or supply process.

Certain properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions can be sold separately (or leased out separately under a finance lease), the portions are accounted for separately. If the portions cannot be sold separately, the property is accounted for as investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is applied in determining whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property. The Group considers each property separately in making its judgement.

5 OPERATING SEGMENT

The Group has three reportable segments. The segments are managed separately as each business offers different products and services and requires different marketing strategies. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments:

Apparel in China Mainland and Hong Kong SAR – Distribution and manufacturing of garments, leather goods and accessories and licensing of brand name in China Mainland and Hong Kong SAR.

Apparel in Singapore and Malaysia – Distribution and manufacturing of garments, leather goods and accessories in Singapore and Malaysia.

Property investment and development – Investment in and development of properties in China Mainland and Hong Kong SAR.

The Group reports the result of its operating segments based on the internal reports reviewed by the chief operating decision maker that are used to make strategic decisions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

5 OPERATING SEGMENT *(continued)*

- (a) An analysis of the Group's reportable segment profit before income tax and other selected financial information for the year by operating segment is as follows:

	2012					
	Apparel in China Mainland and Hong Kong SAR HK\$'000	Apparel in Singapore and Malaysia HK\$'000	Property investment and development HK\$'000	Segment total HK\$'000	(Elimination)/ unallocated HK\$'000	Group HK\$'000
Turnover	1,543,801	147,940	171,334	1,863,075	-	1,863,075
Inter-segment sales	-	-	6,607	6,607	(6,607)	-
	1,543,801	147,940	177,941	1,869,682	(6,607)	1,863,075
Segment results	417,906	7,616	260,285	685,807		685,807
Unallocated costs						(44,158)
Profit before income tax						641,649
Income tax expense						(138,362)
Profit for the year						503,287
Interest income	10,755	331	11,882	22,968	5,510	28,478
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	16,532	2,065	8,605	27,202	-	27,202
Amortization of land use rights	1,627	-	370	1,997	-	1,997
Reportable segment assets:						
Property, plant and equipment	108,387	23,225	65,046	196,658	5,355	202,013
Investment properties	-	-	2,102,764	2,102,764	-	2,102,764
Deferred income tax assets	-	-	-	-	40,855	40,855
Inventories	328,354	48,546	-	376,900	-	376,900
Bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents	521,670	87,328	454,712	1,063,710	1,551	1,065,261
Assets classified as held for sale	-	-	60,342	60,342	-	60,342
Others	163,673	28,341	24,069	216,083	2,743	218,826
Reportable segment liabilities:						
Trade payables	77,719	13,854	154	91,727	-	91,727
Other payables and accruals	291,994	9,531	53,280	354,805	30,548	385,353
Current income tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	15,756	15,756
Deferred income tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	336,151	336,151
Additions to non-current assets	16,230	1,443	20,529	38,202	-	38,202

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

5 OPERATING SEGMENT *(continued)*

- (a) An analysis of the Group's reportable segment profit before income tax and other selected financial information for the year by operating segment is as follows: *(continued)*

	2011					
	Apparel in China Mainland and Hong Kong SAR HK\$'000	Apparel in Singapore and Malaysia HK\$'000	Property investment and development HK\$'000	Segment total HK\$'000	(Elimination)/ unallocated HK\$'000	Group HK\$'000 (Restated)
Turnover	1,448,140	160,528	193,001	1,801,669	–	1,801,669
Inter-segment sales	–	–	6,731	6,731	(6,731)	–
	1,448,140	160,528	199,732	1,808,400	(6,731)	1,801,669
Segment results	409,685	15,348	182,096	607,129		607,129
Unallocated costs						(41,584)
Profit before income tax						565,545
Income tax expense						(142,389)
Profit for the year						423,156
Interest income	10,494	268	9,447	20,209	1,292	21,501
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	18,392	1,876	6,624	26,892	–	26,892
Amortization of land use rights	1,468	–	365	1,833	–	1,833
Reportable segment assets:						
Property, plant and equipment	117,155	23,307	62,685	203,147	6,076	209,223
Investment properties	–	–	1,963,815	1,963,815	–	1,963,815
Deferred income tax assets	–	–	–	–	40,174	40,174
Inventories	262,525	50,744	–	313,269	–	313,269
Bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents	539,121	74,222	405,456	1,018,799	2,180	1,020,979
Others	104,261	30,004	23,653	157,918	1,155	159,073
Reportable segment liabilities:						
Trade payables	79,881	12,998	50	92,929	–	92,929
Other payables and accruals	242,734	10,760	54,157	307,651	29,990	337,641
Current income tax liabilities	–	–	–	–	20,174	20,174
Deferred income tax liabilities	–	–	–	–	310,090	310,090
Additions to non-current assets	10,679	2,491	15,429	28,599	–	28,599

Central costs (mainly costs of support functions that centrally provide services to all of the operating segments) are included as unallocated costs. Taxation charge is not allocated to reportable segments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

5 OPERATING SEGMENT *(continued)*

(b) Geographical information

The Group's income from external customers is derived from the following geographical areas:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
China Mainland	1,680,460	1,606,755
Hong Kong SAR	34,675	34,386
Singapore and Malaysia	147,940	160,528
	1,863,075	1,801,669

The Group's non-current assets (excluding deferred income tax assets) by geographical location are detailed below:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
China Mainland	1,693,180	1,623,002
Hong Kong SAR	621,811	542,463
Singapore and Malaysia	23,225	23,307
	2,338,216	2,188,772

(c) Information about major customers

In 2012 and 2011, the revenue from the Group's largest customer amounted to less than 10 per cent of the Group's total revenue.

(d) Analysis of turnover by category

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Sales of goods	1,611,605	1,537,802
Gross rental income from investment properties	132,111	122,437
Building management fee	39,223	36,621
Licensing income	80,136	70,867
Sales of properties	–	33,942
	1,863,075	1,801,669

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

6 LAND USE RIGHTS – GROUP

The Group's interests in land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments and their net book values are analyzed as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Outside Hong Kong, held on:		
Leases of over 50 years	7,641	673
Leases of between 10 to 50 years	13,533	15,061
	21,174	15,734
	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
At 1st January	15,734	17,017
Exchange difference	275	525
Transfer from investment properties	6,994	–
Transfer from completed properties held for sale	183	25
Disposals	(15)	–
Amortization of prepaid operating lease payment (note 21)	(1,997)	(1,833)
At 31st December	21,174	15,734

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

7 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT – GROUP

	Land and buildings HK\$'000	Plant and machinery HK\$'000	Furniture and fixtures HK\$'000	Computers HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1st January 2011						
Cost	273,813	53,135	65,264	28,857	23,265	444,334
Accumulated depreciation	(103,423)	(44,972)	(50,978)	(22,721)	(13,833)	(235,927)
Net book amount	170,390	8,163	14,286	6,136	9,432	208,407
Year ended 31st December 2011						
Opening net book amount	170,390	8,163	14,286	6,136	9,432	208,407
Additions	–	1,196	14,508	4,015	1,673	21,392
Disposals	–	–	(16)	(83)	(183)	(282)
Transfer from completed properties held for sale	725	–	–	–	–	725
Depreciation	(11,345)	(1,952)	(5,468)	(4,615)	(3,512)	(26,892)
Exchange differences	4,371	395	532	263	312	5,873
Closing net book amount	164,141	7,802	23,842	5,716	7,722	209,223
At 31st December 2011						
Cost	282,216	56,647	81,582	33,396	24,527	478,368
Accumulated depreciation	(118,075)	(48,845)	(57,740)	(27,680)	(16,805)	(269,145)
Net book amount	164,141	7,802	23,842	5,716	7,722	209,223
Year ended 31st December 2012						
Opening net book amount	164,141	7,802	23,842	5,716	7,722	209,223
Additions	–	27	4,068	4,166	8,182	16,443
Disposals	(618)	–	(14)	(22)	(45)	(699)
Transfer from completed properties held for sale	1,075	–	–	–	–	1,075
Transfer from investment properties	918	–	–	–	–	918
Transfer to assets classified as held for sale	(1,219)	–	–	–	–	(1,219)
Depreciation	(11,630)	(1,138)	(8,065)	(3,116)	(3,253)	(27,202)
Exchange differences	2,220	218	750	140	146	3,474
Closing net book amount	154,887	6,909	20,581	6,884	12,752	202,013
At 31st December 2012						
Cost	281,445	58,094	83,494	37,591	31,457	492,081
Accumulated depreciation	(126,558)	(51,185)	(62,913)	(30,707)	(18,705)	(290,068)
Net book amount	154,887	6,909	20,581	6,884	12,752	202,013

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

7 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT – GROUP *(continued)*

The net book value of the Group's interests in leasehold land classified as finance lease are analyzed as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
In Hong Kong, held on:		
Leases of between 10 to 50 years	47,000	48,367

Depreciation expense of HK\$4,542,000 (2011: HK\$5,354,000) has been expensed in cost of sales, HK\$2,580,000 (2011: HK\$2,495,000) in selling and marketing costs and HK\$20,080,000 (2011: HK\$19,043,000) in administrative expenses.

8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES – GROUP

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
At 1st January	1,963,815	1,838,348
Additions	9,494	7,207
Disposal	–	(7,260)
Transfer from completed properties held for sale	686	1,415
Transfer to land use rights, and property, plant and equipment	(7,912)	–
Transfer to assets classified as held for sale	(59,123)	–
Fair value gains (note 20)	158,882	63,825
Exchange differences	36,922	60,280
At 31st December	2,102,764	1,963,815

The investment properties were revalued at 31st December 2012 on an open market value basis by independent professional valuer, S.H. Ng & Co., Ltd. Valuations were performed using the income approach by capitalising the rental income having regard to the current rental income from the existing tenancies and the potential future rental income at the current market level.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES – GROUP *(continued)*

The Group's interests in investment properties are analyzed as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
In Hong Kong, held on:		
Leases of over 50 years	111,700	99,000
Leases of between 10 to 50 years	456,800	389,970
Outside Hong Kong, held on:		
Leases of over 50 years	20,435	24,914
Leases of between 10 to 50 years	1,513,829	1,449,931
	2,102,764	1,963,815

The periods of leases whereby the Group leases out its investment properties under operating leases ranges from 1 month to 180 months.

9 SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Unlisted investments, at cost	10	10
Amounts due from subsidiaries	1,442,242	1,499,803
	1,442,252	1,499,813

Amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and are not repayable within 12 months from the balance sheet date. The balances represent equity funding by the Company to the respective subsidiaries and are measured in accordance with the Company's accounting policy for investments in subsidiaries.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

9 SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (continued)

The following is a list of principal subsidiaries, which in the opinion of the Directors, are significant to the results and net assets of the Group:

Name	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital/ registered capital	Group's equity interest	
				2012	2011
China Silverlion Limited ⁽²⁾	PRC Limited liability company	Distribution and manufacturing of garments in the PRC	RMB3,613,724	100%	100%
Goldlion (China) Limited ⁽²⁾	PRC Limited liability company	Distribution and manufacturing of garments in the PRC	US\$18,000,000	100%	99.44%
Goldlion Clothes Making Company Limited ⁽²⁾	PRC Limited liability company	Distribution and manufacturing of garments in the PRC	US\$6,934,000	100%	98.92%
Goldlion Enterprise (Singapore) Pte Limited	Singapore Limited liability company	Distribution of garments in Singapore	10,000 ordinary shares of S\$100 each	100%	100%
Goldlion Distribution (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia Limited liability company	Distribution of garments in Malaysia	1,200,000 ordinary shares of MYR1 each	100%	100%
Goldlion (Far East) Limited	Hong Kong Limited liability company	Distribution and manufacturing of garments in Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$100 each and 500,000 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$100 each	100%	100%
Goldlion Group (BVI) Limited ⁽¹⁾	British Virgin Islands Limited liability company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	100%
Goldlion (Guangdong) Limited	Hong Kong Limited liability company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	100%
Guangzhou Goldlion Investment Consultancy Company Limited ⁽²⁾	PRC Limited liability company	Property holding in the PRC	HK\$10,000,000	100%	100%
Hallman Properties Limited	British Virgin Islands Limited liability company	Investment holding in the British Virgin Islands	50,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	100%
Renard Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands Limited liability company	Property holding in Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each and 59,999,998 redeemable shares of HK\$1 each	100%	100%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

9 SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (continued)

Name	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital/ registered capital	Group's equity interest	
				2012	2011
Meizhou Silver Dip Property Management Limited ⁽²⁾	PRC Limited liability company	Property management in the PRC	RMB595,000	100%	100%
Shenyang Goldlion Commercial Mansion Limited ⁽²⁾	PRC Limited liability company	Property holding in the PRC	RMB70,000,000	100%	100%
Rich Smart Resources Limited	Hong Kong Limited liability company	Property holding in Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	100%
Smart View Investment Limited	Hong Kong Limited liability company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	100%
Meizhou Goldlion Corporate Clothing Limited ⁽²⁾	PRC Limited liability company	Distribution and manufacturing of garments in the PRC	HK\$5,000,000	100%	100%
Meizhou Goldlion Properties Development Limited ⁽²⁾	PRC Limited liability company	Property holding and development in the PRC	HK\$50,000,000	100%	100%
Guangzhou Silver Dip Property Management Company Limited ⁽²⁾	PRC Limited liability company	Property management in the PRC	HK\$1,000,000	100%	100%
Shenyang Silver Dip Property Management Company Limited ⁽²⁾	PRC Limited liability company	Property management in the PRC	HK\$1,000,000	100%	100%
Guangzhou Goldlion City Properties Company Limited ⁽²⁾	PRC Limited liability company	Property holding in the PRC	RMB360,681,188	100%	100%
Joint Corporation Limited	Hong Kong Limited liability company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share of HK\$1 each	100%	100%

(1) Subsidiary held directly by the Company

(2) English names of the subsidiaries are direct translations of their Chinese registered names

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

10 COMPLETED PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE – GROUP

The Group's interests in completed properties held for sale are analyzed as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Land use rights	208	502
Development costs	1,262	2,830
	1,470	3,332
Outside Hong Kong, held on: Leases of between 10 to 50 years	1,470	3,332
	1,470	3,332

The completed properties held for sale are located in the PRC.

11 INVENTORIES – GROUP

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Raw materials	4,559	–
Work in progress	12,293	22,345
Finished goods	360,048	290,924
	376,900	313,269

The cost of inventories recognized as expense and included in cost of sales amounted to HK\$761,956,000 (2011: HK\$722,732,000) (note 21).

The Group reversed HK\$6,000 (2011: HK\$4,118,000) of previous years' inventory write-down. The amount reversed has been included in cost of sales in the income statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

12 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The accounting policies for financial instruments have been applied to the line items below:

Group:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Financial assets – Loans and receivables		
Trade receivables	110,707	68,854
Deposits and other receivables	33,446	26,194
Bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents	1,065,261	1,020,979
Total	1,209,414	1,116,027

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Financial liabilities, at amortized cost		
Trade payables	91,727	92,929
Other payables	67,739	66,771
Total	159,466	159,700

Company:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Financial assets – Loans and receivables		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,551	2,180

The carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

13 TRADE RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – GROUP

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Trade receivables	111,450	69,733
Less: provision for impairment	(743)	(879)
Trade receivables – net	110,707	68,854
Purchase deposits (note (a))	32,515	39,768
Deposits (note (b))	12,265	–
Prepayments	5,777	5,186
General deposits	4,978	5,211
Interest receivable	7,830	7,484
VAT recoverable	16,635	9,650
Others	4,009	3,854
Total of prepayments, deposits and other receivables	84,009	71,153
Less: non-current portion Deposits	(12,265)	–
Current portion	71,744	71,153

Notes:

- (a) Purchase deposits represent the amounts paid by the Group in advance to suppliers mainly for the apparel operation in its ordinary course of business.
- (b) Deposits represent the amounts paid by the Group for acquisition of land use rights, and property, plant and equipment.

Prepayments, deposits and other receivables do not contain impaired assets.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of each class of receivables mentioned above. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

13 TRADE RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – GROUP *(continued)*

The Group's sales are on cash on delivery, letter of credit or credit terms ranging from 30 days to 90 days after delivery. At 31st December 2012, an ageing of the trade receivables based on invoice date was as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
1–30 days	74,715	60,882
31–90 days	27,200	7,613
Over 90 days	9,535	1,238
	111,450	69,733

There is no concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables, as the Group has a large number of customers dispersed in China Mainland and Singapore. The credit quality of trade receivables neither past due nor impaired has been assessed by reference to historical information about the counterparty default rates. The existing counterparties do not have defaults in the past.

As of 31st December 2012, trade receivables of HK\$14,505,000 (2011: HK\$6,787,000) were past due but not considered impaired. The ageing of these trade receivables is as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Overdue less than or up to 3 months	14,118	6,524
Overdue over 3 months	387	263
	14,505	6,787

As of 31st December 2012, trade receivables of HK\$743,000 (2011: HK\$879,000) were impaired and provided. The individually impaired receivables mainly relate to wholesalers and department stores. An ageing of these receivables is as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Overdue less than or up to 6 months	3	395
Overdue over 6 months	740	484
	743	879

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

13 TRADE RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – GROUP *(continued)*

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivable are denominated in the following currencies:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Renminbi	161,109	105,624
Singapore dollar	28,341	30,004
Hong Kong dollar	5,266	4,379
	194,716	140,007

Movements on the provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
At 1st January	879	441
Provision for impairment	71	419
Receivables written off during the year as uncollectible	(223)	–
Exchange differences	16	19
At 31st December	743	879

The provision for impaired receivables has been included in administrative expenses in the consolidated income statement. Amounts charged to the allowance account are generally written off when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

14 BANK DEPOSITS AND CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Group		Company	
	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Cash at bank and in hand	171,573	156,491	1,551	2,180
Bank deposits with maturity less than 3 months	169,615	198,048	–	–
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated cash flow statement	341,188	354,539	1,551	2,180
Bank deposits with maturity over 3 months	724,073	666,440	–	–
Bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents as stated in the balance sheets	1,065,261	1,020,979	1,551	2,180
Maximum exposure to credit risk	1,065,152	1,020,870	1,551	2,180

Bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheets are denominated in the following currencies:

	Group		Company	
	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Renminbi	954,042	916,151	–	–
Singapore dollar	87,328	74,222	–	–
Hong Kong dollar	23,891	30,606	1,551	2,180
	1,065,261	1,020,979	1,551	2,180

The conversion of bank balances and cash of the Group denominated in Renminbi into foreign currencies is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the Chinese government.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

15 ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE – GROUP

The Group's interests in assets classified as held for sale are analyzed as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment	1,219	–
Investment property	59,123	–
	60,342	–

On 19th December 2012, Goldlion (China) Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement to surrender a property in Shanghai, the PRC, for compensation of RMB122,920,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$152,421,000). The property is expected to be delivered in the first half of 2013.

The investment property was revalued at 31st December 2012 on an open market value basis by independent professional valuer, DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited. The valuation was performed using the direct comparison approach by making reference to comparable sale evidence as available in the relevant market.

16 SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of share	Ordinary Shares HK\$
Authorized:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	1,200,000,000	120,000,000
Issued and fully paid:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each		
As at 31st December 2011 and 2012	982,114,035	98,211,404

At the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 21st May 2002, a share option scheme was approved and adopted (the "New Option Scheme"). No share options were granted during the year (2011: nil) under the New Option Scheme. The New Option Scheme expired on 20th May 2012.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

17 RESERVES

(a) Group

	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Other reserves ⁽ⁱ⁾ HK\$'000	Exchange reserve HK\$'000	Sub-total HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total reserves HK\$'000
Balance at 1st January 2012, as previously reported	1,002,662	(24,148)	484	7,491	79,147	290,324	1,355,960	1,479,008	2,834,968
Change in accounting policy – Adoption of HKAS 12 (amendment)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,209	11,209
Balance at 1st January 2012, as restated	1,002,662	(24,148)	484	7,491	79,147	290,324	1,355,960	1,490,217	2,846,177
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	502,235	502,235
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	-	-	56,756	56,756	-	56,756
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	56,756	56,756	502,235	558,991
Appropriation to other reserves	-	-	-	-	8,581	-	8,581	(8,581)	-
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	-	(10,056)	-	-	-	-	(10,056)	-	(10,056)
2011 final dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(166,959)	(166,959)
2012 interim dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(88,390)	(88,390)
Balance at 31st December 2012	1,002,662	(34,204)	484	7,491	87,728	347,080	1,411,241	1,728,522	3,139,763
Representing:									
Reserves	1,002,662	(34,204)	484	7,491	87,728	347,080	1,411,241	1,551,741	2,962,982
2012 final dividend proposed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	176,781	176,781
	1,002,662	(34,204)	484	7,491	87,728	347,080	1,411,241	1,728,522	3,139,763

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

17 RESERVES (continued)

(a) Group (continued)

	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Other reserves ⁽ⁱ⁾ HK\$'000	Exchange reserve HK\$'000	Sub-total HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total reserves HK\$'000
Balance at 1st January 2011, as previously reported	1,002,662	(23,768)	484	7,491	68,582	201,017	1,256,468	1,291,622	2,548,090
Change in accounting policy – Adoption of HKAS 12 (amendment)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,447	7,447
Balance at 1st January 2011, as restated	1,002,662	(23,768)	484	7,491	68,582	201,017	1,256,468	1,299,069	2,555,537
Profit for the year, as restated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	422,309	422,309
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	-	-	89,307	89,307	-	89,307
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	89,307	89,307	422,309	511,616
Appropriation to other reserves	-	-	-	-	10,565	-	10,565	(10,565)	-
Transfer from capital reserve to retained earnings	-	(380)	-	-	-	-	(380)	380	-
2010 final dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(137,496)	(137,496)
2011 interim dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(83,480)	(83,480)
Balance at 31st December 2011, as restated	1,002,662	(24,148)	484	7,491	79,147	290,324	1,355,960	1,490,217	2,846,177
Representing:									
Reserves	1,002,662	(24,148)	484	7,491	79,147	290,324	1,355,960	1,323,258	2,679,218
2011 final dividend proposed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	166,959	166,959
	1,002,662	(24,148)	484	7,491	79,147	290,324	1,355,960	1,490,217	2,846,177

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

17 RESERVES (continued)

(a) Group (continued)

- (i) Other reserves are attributable to certain subsidiaries established in China Mainland. These reserves, comprising a general reserve fund and an enterprise development fund, are set aside in accordance with the relevant statutory requirements in China Mainland. The amount set aside is determined by the directors of these subsidiaries at their financial year end. The fund can only be used to make up losses incurred, increase registered capital or used for collective welfare of employees.
- (ii) On 6th December 2012, the Group acquired 0.56% and 1.08% equity interests in the issued share capital of Goldlion (China) Limited ("Goldlion China") and Goldlion Clothes Making Company Limited ("Goldlion Clothes Making") respectively, for an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$12,419,000. The aggregate carrying amount of the non-controlling interests in Goldlion China and Goldlion Clothes Making on the date of acquisition was HK\$2,363,000. The Group recognized a decrease in non-controlling interests of HK\$2,363,000 and a decrease in equity attributable to owners of the parent of HK\$10,056,000.

(b) Company

	Share premium HK\$'000	Capital redemption reserve HK\$'000	Sub-total HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Total reserves HK\$'000
At 1st January 2012	1,002,662	484	1,003,146	399,858	1,403,004
2011 final dividend paid	–	–	–	(166,959)	(166,959)
2012 interim dividend paid	–	–	–	(88,390)	(88,390)
Profit for the year	–	–	–	196,662	196,662
At 31st December 2012	1,002,662	484	1,003,146	341,171	1,344,317
Representing:					
Reserves	1,002,662	484	1,003,146	164,390	1,167,536
2012 final dividend proposed	–	–	–	176,781	176,781
	1,002,662	484	1,003,146	341,171	1,344,317
At 1st January 2011	1,002,662	484	1,003,146	323,503	1,326,649
2010 final dividend paid	–	–	–	(137,496)	(137,496)
2011 interim dividend paid	–	–	–	(83,480)	(83,480)
Profit for the year	–	–	–	297,331	297,331
At 31st December 2011	1,002,662	484	1,003,146	399,858	1,403,004
Representing:					
Reserves	1,002,662	484	1,003,146	232,899	1,236,045
2011 final dividend proposed	–	–	–	166,959	166,959
	1,002,662	484	1,003,146	399,858	1,403,004

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

18 TRADE PAYABLES – GROUP

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Trade payables		
– to third parties	91,246	92,929
– to a related party (note 33(e))	481	–
	91,727	92,929

At 31st December 2012, the ageing of the trade payables based on invoice date was as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
1-30 days	75,607	82,293
31-90 days	7,212	7,803
Over 90 days	8,908	2,833
	91,727	92,929

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade payables are denominated in the following currencies:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Renminbi	77,836	79,897
Singapore dollar	13,854	12,998
Hong Kong dollar	37	34
	91,727	92,929

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

19 DEFERRED INCOME TAX – GROUP

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities is as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Deferred income tax assets:		
– Deferred income tax assets to be recovered after more than 12 months	(24,643)	(30,985)
– Deferred income tax assets to be recovered within 12 months	(16,212)	(9,189)
	(40,855)	(40,174)
Deferred income tax liabilities:		
– Deferred income tax liabilities to be recovered after more than 12 months	325,217	299,968
– Deferred income tax liabilities to be recovered within 12 months	10,934	10,122
	336,151	310,090
Deferred income tax liabilities (net)	295,296	269,916

The gross movement on the deferred income tax account of the Group is as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000 (Restated)
At 1st January	269,916	228,111
Deferred taxation charged to consolidated income statement (note 26)	19,018	32,342
Exchange difference	6,362	9,463
At 31st December	295,296	269,916

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for tax losses carry forward to the extent that realization of the related tax benefit through the future taxable profits is probable. The Group has unrecognized tax losses of HK\$641,313,000 (2011: HK\$642,615,000), of which HK\$399,092,000 (2011: HK\$397,297,000) and HK\$30,436,000 (2011: HK\$33,533,000) are subject to agreement by the Inland Revenue Department in Hong Kong and the relevant tax authorities in the PRC, respectively, to carry forward against future taxable income. HK\$610,877,000 of unrecognized tax losses (2011: HK\$609,082,000) have no expiry date and the remaining losses will expire at various dates up to and including 2017.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

19 DEFERRED INCOME TAX – GROUP *(continued)*

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities (prior to offsetting of balances within the same taxation jurisdiction) during the year is as follows:

Deferred income tax liabilities

	Accelerated taxation depreciation		Fair values gains		Dividend withholding tax		Others		Total	
	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000 (Restated)	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000 (Restated)
At 1st January	91,263	77,878	191,209	177,596	35,168	20,837	9,216	7,714	326,856	284,025
Exchange difference	2,242	3,308	4,579	7,330	727	898	228	333	7,776	11,869
Charged to consolidated income statement	9,274	10,077	20,095	6,283	9,072	13,433	3,546	1,169	41,987	30,962
Released upon distribution of dividends	-	-	-	-	(10,122)	-	-	-	(10,122)	-
At 31st December	102,779	91,263	215,883	191,209	34,845	35,168	12,990	9,216	366,497	326,856

Deferred income tax assets

	Provisions		Tax losses		Others		Total	
	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
At 1st January	(33,909)	(35,264)	(67)	(737)	(22,964)	(19,913)	(56,940)	(55,914)
Exchange difference (Credited)/charged to consolidated income statement	(841)	(1,520)	(2)	(30)	(571)	(856)	(1,414)	(2,406)
	(149)	2,875	38	700	(12,736)	(2,195)	(12,847)	1,380
At 31st December	(34,899)	(33,909)	(31)	(67)	(36,271)	(22,964)	(71,201)	(56,940)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis. The following amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the consolidated balance sheet:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Deferred income tax assets	(40,855)	(40,174)
Deferred income tax liabilities	336,151	310,090
	295,296	269,916

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

20 OTHER GAINS

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Fair value gains on investment properties	158,882	63,825
Gain on disposal of an investment property	–	3,101
	158,882	66,926

21 EXPENSES BY NATURE

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Cost of inventories sold	761,956	722,732
Cost of properties sold	–	13,001
Provision for/(reversal of) impairment of inventories	3,929	(3,271)
Direct operating expenses arising from investment properties that generated rental income	42,491	31,910
Operating lease rentals – land and buildings	75,103	79,078
Amortization of land use rights (note 6)	1,997	1,833
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 7)	27,202	26,892
Staff costs including directors' emoluments (note 22)	235,236	231,447
Auditors' remuneration	3,368	3,200
Advertising and promotion expenses	155,384	138,613
Other expenses	104,569	83,773
Net exchange gain	(2,449)	(4,657)
	1,408,786	1,324,551
Representing:		
Cost of sales	812,918	769,726
Selling and marketing costs	366,413	328,241
Administrative expenses	229,455	226,584
	1,408,786	1,324,551

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

22 STAFF COSTS, INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Staff costs		
– Wages and salaries	206,991	208,543
– Retirement benefit costs (note 23)	28,245	22,904
	235,236	231,447

23 RETIREMENT BENEFIT COSTS

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Defined contribution schemes for:		
– Hong Kong employees (note (a))	591	332
– Singapore employees (note (b))	4,560	4,176
– China Mainland employees (note (c))	23,094	18,396
	28,245	22,904

Notes:

- (a) Under the Mandatory Provident Fund (the "MPF") scheme, both the employer and employee have to contribute 5% of the employee's relevant income or HK\$1,250, whichever is lower, as mandatory contribution. The employer and employee may further contribute certain percentage of the employee's relevant income, as voluntary contribution.
- The amount represents contributions paid and payable by the Group to the MPF scheme totalling HK\$591,000 (2011: HK\$332,000) without any forfeited contributions (2011: nil). The forfeited contributions represent contributions to the retirement scheme prior to the MPF scheme for those employees who leave prior to vesting fully on the contributions. There was no contribution payable (2011: HK\$48,000) to the MPF scheme at the year end. There was no unutilized forfeited contribution at year end (2011: nil).
- (b) Contributions paid and payable by the Group to the schemes amounted to HK\$4,560,000 (2011: HK\$4,176,000). Contributions totalling HK\$1,047,000 (2011: HK\$255,000) payable to the schemes at the year end are included in other payables. There was no unutilized forfeited contribution at year end (2011: nil).
- (c) This represents gross contributions made by the Group to employee pension schemes operated by the municipal governments of various cities in the PRC. There was no contribution payable (2011: nil) to the municipal governments at year end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

24 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS

(a) The remuneration of every Director and the Chief Executive for the year ended 31st December 2012:

Name	Fees HK\$'000	Salary HK\$'000	Discretionary bonuses HK\$'000	Others benefits ⁽¹⁾ HK\$'000	Employer's contribution	Total HK\$'000
					to pension scheme HK\$'000	
Director						
Dr. Tsang Hin Chi	-	4,245	10,032	712	-	14,989
Madam Wong Lei Kuan	-	1,540	2,508	18	-	4,066
Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles	180	-	-	-	-	180
Dr. Lau Yue Sun	180	-	-	-	-	180
Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy	171	-	-	-	-	171
Mr. Li Ka Fai, David	180	-	-	-	-	180
Mr. Nguyen, Van Tu Peter ⁽²⁾	52	-	-	-	-	52
Director and Chief Executive						
Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky	-	3,651	6,270	-	14	9,935

The remuneration of every Director and the Chief Executive for the year ended 31st December 2011:

Name	Fees HK\$'000	Salary HK\$'000	Discretionary bonuses HK\$'000	Others benefits ⁽¹⁾ HK\$'000	Employer's contribution	Total HK\$'000
					to pension scheme HK\$'000	
Director						
Dr. Tsang Hin Chi	-	4,173	10,425	444	-	15,042
Madam Wong Lei Kuan	-	1,521	2,606	42	-	4,169
Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles	180	-	-	-	-	180
Dr. Lau Yue Sun	180	-	-	-	-	180
Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy	180	-	-	-	-	180
Mr. Li Ka Fai, David	180	-	-	-	-	180
Director and Chief Executive						
Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky	-	3,581	6,516	-	12	10,109

Notes:

(1) Other benefits include medical benefit and retirement benefit costs.

(2) Appointed on 17th September 2012.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

24 DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS *(continued)*

- (b) The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year included two (2011: two) Directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented in 24(a) above. The emoluments payable to the remaining three (2011: three) individuals during the year are as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Basic salaries, housing and other allowances	7,980	7,749
Bonuses	37,621	53,998
Retirement benefit costs	412	301
	46,013	62,048

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

Emolument bands	Number of individuals	
	2012	2011
HK\$4,500,001 – HK\$5,000,000	1	1
HK\$5,000,001 – HK\$5,500,000	1	–
HK\$6,500,001 – HK\$7,000,000	–	1
HK\$36,000,001 – HK\$36,500,000	1	–
HK\$50,000,001 – HK\$50,500,000	–	1

- (c) Other than disclosed above, no emoluments have been paid by the Group to the Directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office. None of the Directors or the five highest paid individuals waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year.

25 SENIOR MANAGEMENT REMUNERATION BY BAND

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

Emolument bands	Number of individuals	
	2012	2011
HK\$500,001 – HK\$1,000,000	–	1
HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$1,500,000	1	–
HK\$1,500,001 – HK\$2,000,000	1	1
HK\$2,500,001 – HK\$3,000,000	1	–
HK\$4,500,001 – HK\$5,000,000	1	1
HK\$5,000,001 – HK\$5,500,000	1	–
HK\$6,500,001 – HK\$7,000,000	–	1
HK\$36,000,001 – HK\$36,500,000	1	–
HK\$50,000,001 – HK\$50,500,000	–	1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

26 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Hong Kong profits tax:		
Current year	960	833
Over-provision in prior year	(45)	–
	915	833
Taxation outside Hong Kong:		
Current year	118,378	108,857
Under-provision in prior years	51	357
	118,429	109,214
Deferred income tax (note 19)	19,018	32,342
Total income tax expense	138,362	142,389

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2011: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year.

Taxation on profits generated in the PRC has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rate of 25% (2011: 25%). Taxation on profits outside Hong Kong and the PRC has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

26 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the tax rate of the home country of the Company as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000 (Restated)
Profit before income tax	641,649	565,545
Calculated at a tax on rate of 16.5%	105,872	93,315
Effect of different taxation rates in other countries	28,729	35,554
Income not subject to tax	(16,694)	(12,903)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	6,720	4,938
Utilization of unrecognized tax losses	(852)	–
Tax losses not recognized	5,373	6,951
Tax effect of increase in net deferred tax liabilities resulting from increase in tax rate	–	119
Withholding tax on profits retained by the PRC subsidiaries	9,072	13,433
Others	142	982
Total income tax expense	138,362	142,389

Corporate withholding income tax on dividend distribution

Under the New CIT Law, corporate withholding income tax is levied on the foreign investor incorporated in Hong Kong for dividend which arises from profit of foreign investment enterprises earned after 1st January 2008 at a tax rate of 5%.

27 PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT

The profit attributable to owners of the parent is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of a profit of HK\$196,662,000 (2011: HK\$297,331,000).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

28 DIVIDENDS

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
2011 interim dividend, paid, of 8.5 HK cents per ordinary share	–	83,480
2011 final dividend, paid, of 17.0 HK cents per ordinary share	–	166,959
2012 interim dividend, paid, of 9.0 HK cents per ordinary share	88,390	–
2012 final dividend, proposed, of 18.0 HK cents per ordinary share (note)	176,781	–
	265,171	250,439

Note:

At a meeting held on 21st March 2013, the Directors declared a final dividend of 18.0 HK cents per ordinary share. This proposed dividend is not reflected as a dividend payable in these financial statements, but will be reflected as an appropriation of retained earnings for the year ending 31st December 2012.

29 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the parent by the number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	2012	2011 (Restated)
Profit attributable to owners of the parent (HK\$'000)	502,235	422,309
Number of shares in issue	982,114,035	982,114,035
Basic earnings per share (HK cents)	51.14	43.00

(b) Diluted

The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the Group's profit attributable to owners of the parent of HK\$502,235,000 (2011: HK\$422,309,000) and the number of ordinary shares in issue of 982,114,035 (2011: 982,114,035) during the year.

Diluted earnings per share equals basic earnings per share as there were no potential dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the years ended 31st December 2012 and 2011.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

30 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

Reconciliation of profit before income tax to cash generated from operations:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Profit before income tax	641,649	565,545
Adjustments for:		
– Amortization of land use rights (note 6)	1,997	1,833
– Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 7)	27,202	26,892
– Provision for/(reversal of) impairment of inventories	3,929	(3,271)
– Provision for trade receivables	71	419
– Interest income	(28,478)	(21,501)
– Gain on disposal of an investment property (note 30(a))	–	(3,101)
– Gains on disposals of land use rights, and property, plant and equipment (note 30(b))	(1,629)	(144)
– Fair value gains on investment properties	(158,882)	(63,825)
Changes in working capital:		
– Inventories	(67,706)	(166,056)
– Trade receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables	(54,780)	(38,566)
– Trade and other payables and accruals	46,510	78,393
– Completed properties held for sale	–	9,849
Net cash generated from operations	409,883	386,467

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

30 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS *(continued)*

Notes:

- (a) Disposal of an investment property

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Carrying amount (note 8)	–	7,260
Gain on disposal of an investment property	–	3,101
Proceeds received	–	10,361

- (b) Disposals of land use rights, and property, plant and equipment

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Net book amount	714	282
Gains on disposals of land use rights, and property, plant and equipment	1,629	144
Proceeds received	2,343	426

31 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES – COMPANY

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Guarantees for credit facilities given to subsidiaries	21,980	21,490

At 31st December 2012 and 2011, none of the subsidiaries had utilized any of the facilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

32 COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure of the Group at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred is as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment Contracted but not provided for	4,902	3,959

(b) At 31st December 2012, the Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments receivable and payable under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Rental receivables		
– not later than one year	123,896	132,331
– later than one year and not later than five years	111,805	82,182
– later than five years	8,781	3,384
	244,482	217,897
Rental payables		
– not later than one year	7,950	6,217
– later than one year and not later than five years	8,405	5,591
	16,355	11,808

Payment obligations in respect of operating leases on properties with rentals vary with gross revenues are not included as future minimum lease payments.

The Company did not have any significant commitments at 31st December 2012 (2011: nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

33 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – GROUP

The Company is controlled by the Tsang Family (comprising Dr. Tsang Hin Chi, Madam Wong Lei Kuan, Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky and the other direct descendants of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi and Madam Wong Lei Kuan) which, together with 5.49% of the Company's issued shares held by Tsang Hin Chi Charities (Management) Limited, collectively controlled approximately 68.17% of the Company's issued shares. The remaining 31.83% are widely held.

During the year, the following significant transactions were carried out with related parties:

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
(a) Sales of services		
Rental and building management fee received from related companies	2,248	3,404

Note:

Rental and management fee were received from Guangzhou World Trade Center Club Company Limited ("GWTCCL") for lease of a business center and facilities therein located at Goldlion Digital Network Centre amounting to HK\$1,858,000 and from and China Hong Kong Digital Audiovisual Management Company Limited ("CHKDAM") for lease of a unit located at Goldlion Holdings Centre in Hong Kong amounting to HK\$390,000 respectively. Rental and management fees were charged at rate based on the relevant lease agreement entered. Mr. Tsang Chi Hung has an indirect beneficial interest in CHKDAM and GWTCCL as he is a major shareholder of the holding company of CHKDAM and GWTCCL. Dr. Tsang Hin Chi, Madam Wong Lei Kuan and Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky are interested in these transactions as Mr. Tsang Chi Hung is a son of Dr. Tsang Hin Chi and Madam Wong Lei Kuan, and a brother of Mr. Tsang Chi Ming, Ricky.

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
(b) Purchases of services		
Professional fees paid to a related company	320	–

Note:

Equitas Capital Limited acted as financial advisor to the Group for which professional fee of HK\$320,000 was paid by the Company during the year. Mr. Ng Ming Wah, Charles, a non-executive Director of the Company, is the managing director and a principal shareholder of Equitas Capital Limited.

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
(c) Purchases of goods		
Goods purchased from a related company	4,489	–

Note:

Goods were purchased at market price from 3D-GOLD Jewellery Company Limited, which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hong Kong Resources Holdings Company Limited. Dr. Wong Ying Ho, Kennedy, a non-executive Director of the Company, is the chairman and an executive director and a substantial shareholder of Hong Kong Resources Holdings Company Limited.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31st December 2012

33 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – GROUP *(continued)*

(d) Key management compensation

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Salaries, directors' emoluments and other short-term employee benefits	80,973	94,578
Retirement benefit costs	736	352
	81,709	94,930

(e) Year-end balances arising from purchases of goods and services

	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000
Trade payables (note 18) – 3D-GOLD Jewellery Company Limited	481	–
Accruals – Equitas Capital Limited	160	160

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

	2012 HK\$'000	Year ended 31st December			2008 HK\$'000 (Restated)
		2011 HK\$'000 (Restated)	2010 HK\$'000 (Restated)	2009 HK\$'000 (Restated)	
Results					
Profit attributable to:					
– Owners of the parent	502,235	422,309	407,733	295,878	290,133
– Non-controlling interests	1,052	847	812	795	789
Assets and liabilities					
Total assets	4,066,961	3,706,533	3,296,615	3,034,635	2,840,295
Total liabilities	(828,987)	(760,834)	(641,556)	(645,178)	(592,133)
Total equity	3,237,974	2,945,699	2,655,059	2,389,457	2,248,162



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